



# Microsoft Partner Security Day - Identity and email security

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GOPAS

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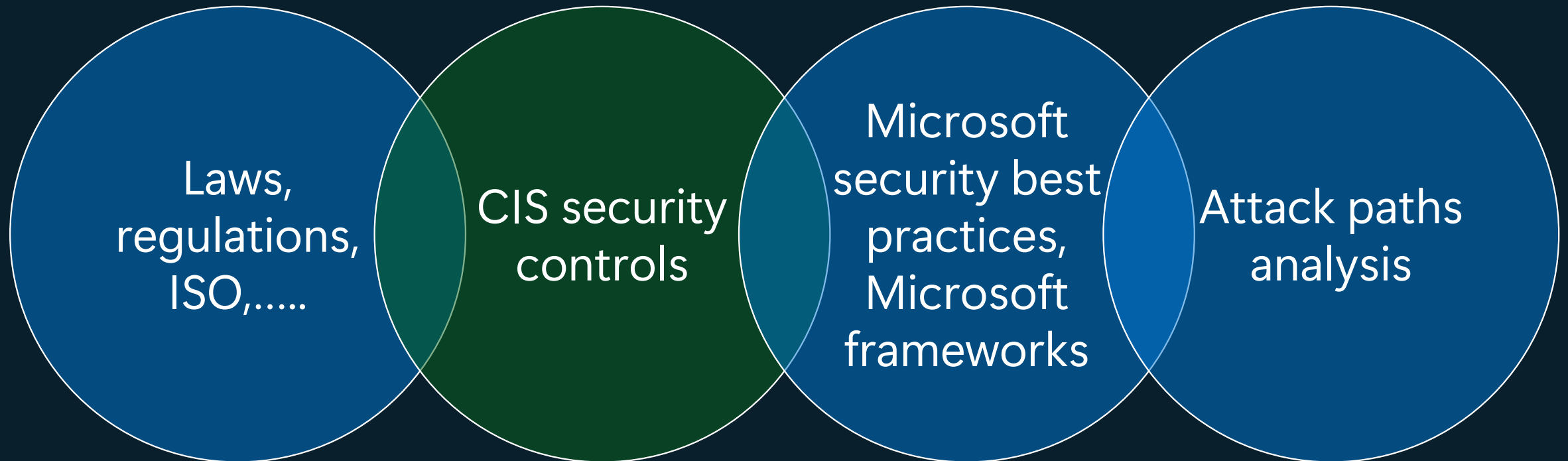
<https://www.gopas.cz>

<https://Lubomirosmera.cz>

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/lubomirosmera>

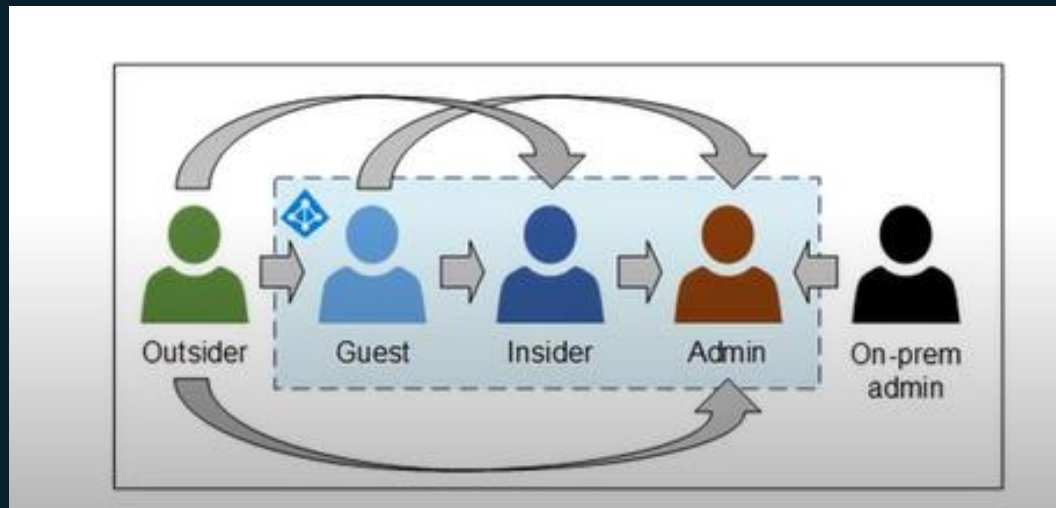
<https://hybridcloudprotection.com>

# Adopt comprehensive cybersecurity control framework



# Adopt comprehensive cybersecurity control framework

- <https://www.cisecurity.org/cis-benchmarks>
- <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/security/benchmark/azure/overview>
- <https://microsoft.github.io/Azure-Threat-Research-Matrix/>
- <https://attack.mitre.org/matrices/enterprise/cloud/officesuite/>



<https://my.ine.com/Cloud/courses/75c31e17/azure-pentesting>



Jannovak@domena.cz

Password:SuperTajne123



Jannovak@domena.cz

Password:SuperTajne123



Jannovak@domena.cz

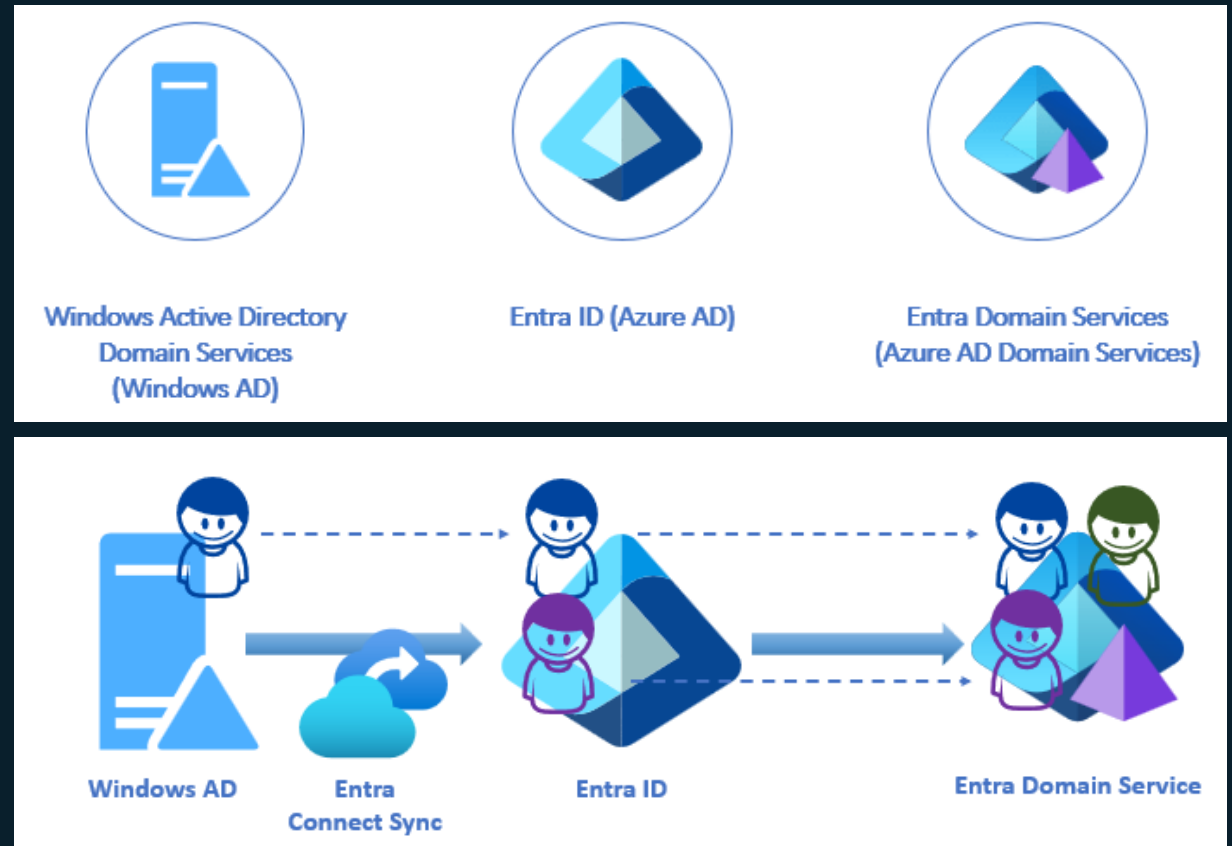
Password:SuperTajne123

MS CLOUD DATA



# Develop an identity management strategy

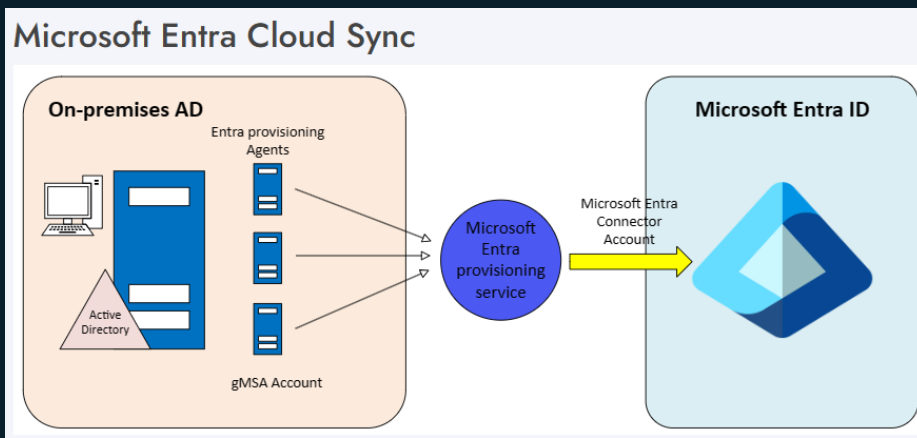
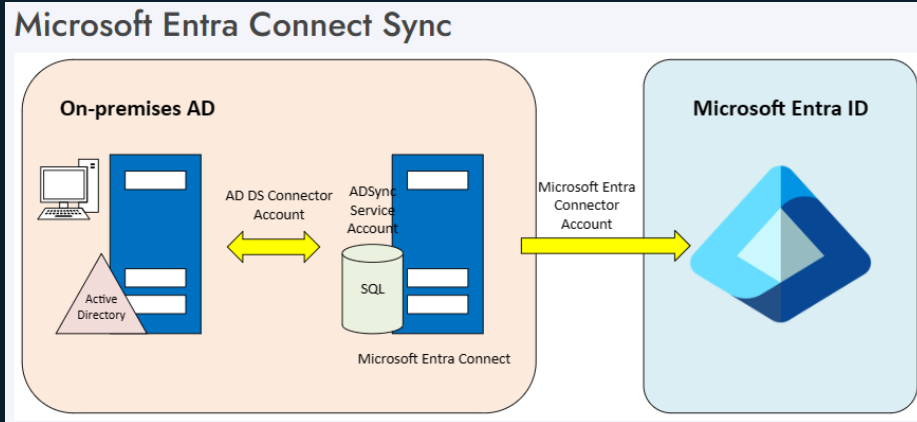
- Cloud-only
  - Microsoft 365 applications
  - Other Microsoft cloud integrated applications
  - Azure resources
- Hybrid environment
  - Custom onpremises resources
  - Active Directory
  - Legacy applications (NTLM, Kerberos)



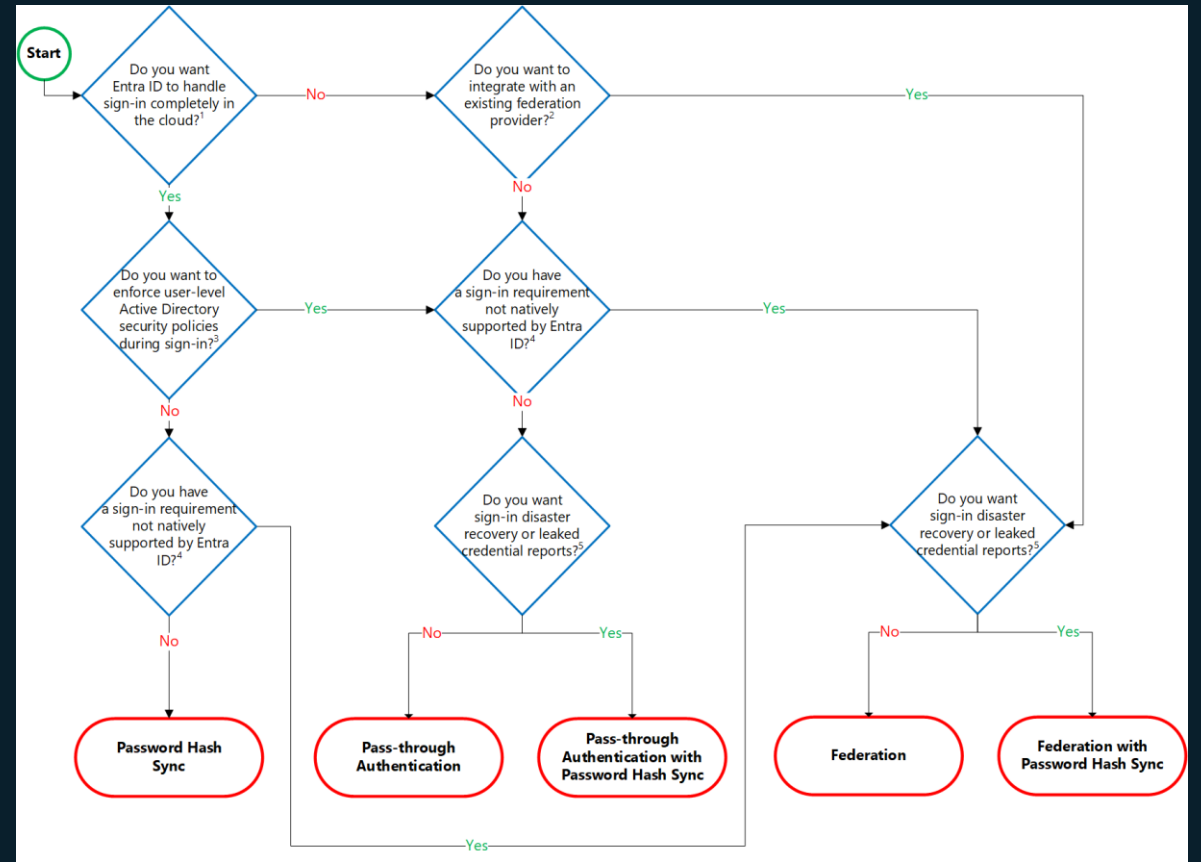
# Hybrid environment

Consider sync scenario, architecture, resources

Objects (users, devices, groups)



Authentication method:



<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/identity/hybrid/connect/how-to-connect-sync-what-is>

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/identity/hybrid/connect/how-to-connect-install-custom>

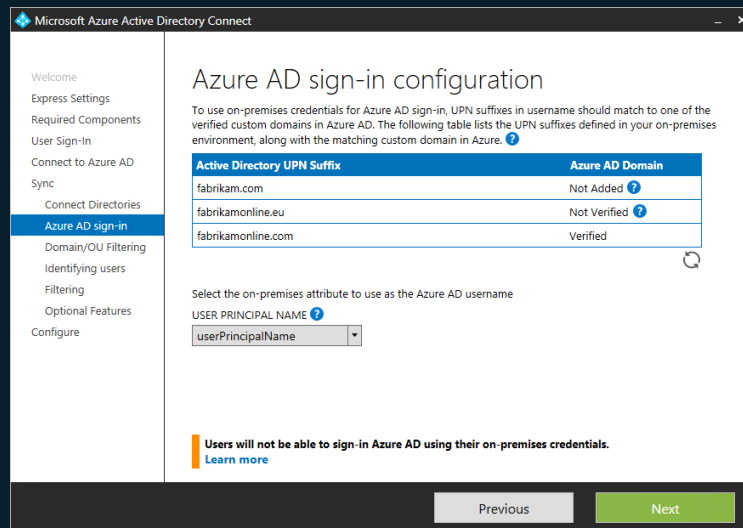
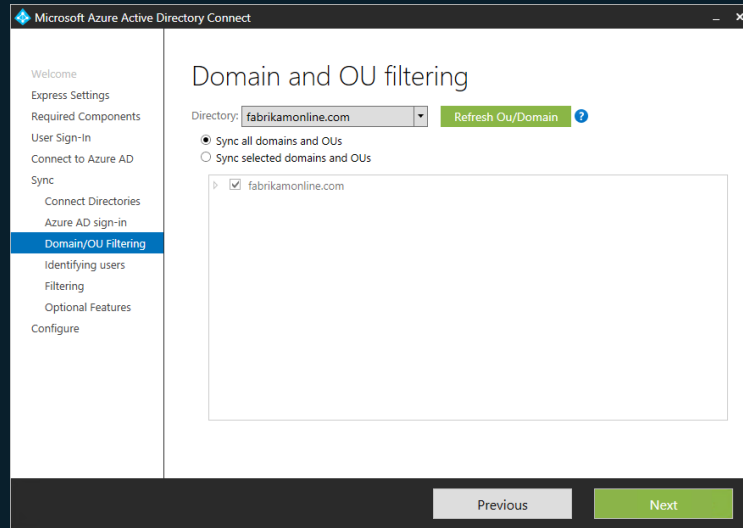
<https://tierzerosecurity.co.nz/2024/05/21/ms-entra-connect-sync-methods.html>

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/identity/hybrid/cloud-sync/what-is-cloud-sync#how-is-microsoft-entra-cloud-sync-different-from-microsoft-entra-connect-sync>

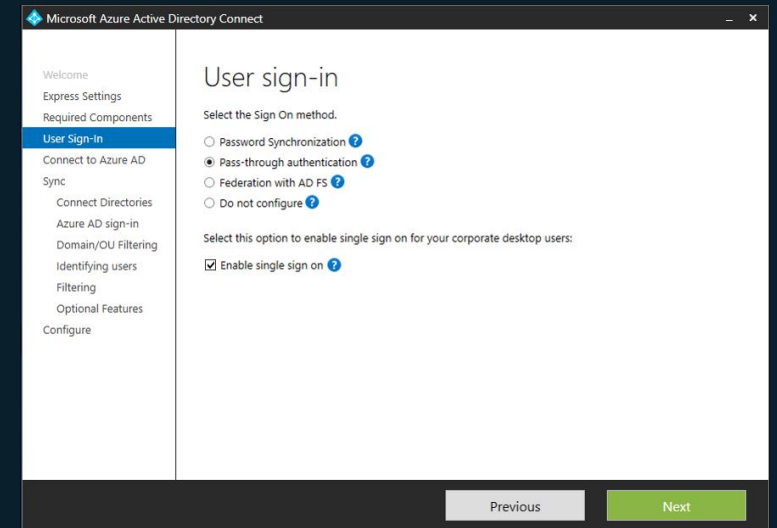
# Hybrid environment

Sync **only** users who **consume services** from Microsoft cloud!

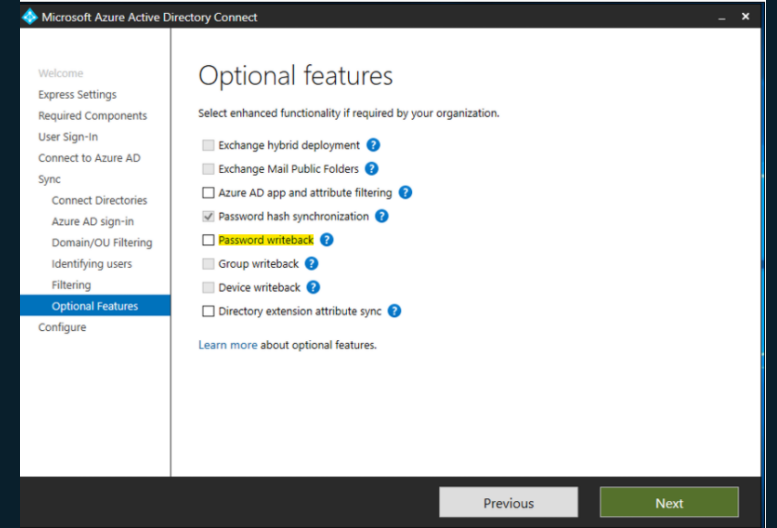
On-premises attribute for Microsoft Entra ID username



Method, SSO



Microsoft Entra ID Connect - Password writeback



# Prepare domains

- Which domain you plan to use in cloud?
- Do you have .local or non-routable domain?
- <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/enterprise/prepare-a-non-routable-domain-for-directory-synchronization?view=o365-worldwide>



# GDAP and roles

Home > Partner relationships > KPCS CZ

## KPCS CZ

Your partner has granular delegated administrative privileges. The roles assigned to them allow them to manage your Microsoft account.

Relationship information   Roles

These are the roles your partner approved for you when your account was created.

[Privileged Authentication Administrator](#)

[Privileged Role Administrator](#)

[User Administrator](#)

[Helpdesk Administrator](#)

[License Administrator](#)

[Application Administrator](#)

[Cloud Application Administrator](#)

[Service Support Administrator](#)

Directory Writers

Directory Readers

[Global Reader](#)

### Remove all roles and end access

When you remove these roles, your partner will no longer be able to manage your Microsoft account.

Remove roles

# Admin accounts

- Least privilege according *individual job function*
- Limit the number of global admins
- Admin accounts: create separate, unlicensed administrative user IDs in the onmicrosoft.com domain.



# RBAC, configuration

### Add a user

Admin roles give users permission to view data and complete tasks in admin centers. Give users only the access they need by assigning the least-permissive role.  
[Learn more about admin roles](#)

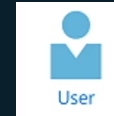
User (no admin center access)

Admin center access

Global readers have read-only access to admin centers, while Global admins have unlimited access to edit all settings. Users assigned other roles are more limited in what they can see and do.

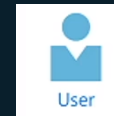
- Exchange Administrator ⓘ
- Global Administrator ⓘ
- Global Reader ⓘ
- Helpdesk Administrator ⓘ
- Service Support Administrator ⓘ
- SharePoint Administrator ⓘ
- Teams Administrator ⓘ
- User Administrator ⓘ
- User Experience Success Manager ⓘ

Progress: Basics, Product licenses, **Optional settings**, Finish



### Exchange Administrator

Full access to Exchange Online, creates and manages groups, manages service requests, and monitors service health.



This request has been approved

Read basic properties on all resources in the Microsoft 365 admin center	●
Read usage reports in the Microsoft 365 admin center	●
Create and manage service requests in the Microsoft 365 admin center	●
Read and configure Service Health in the Microsoft 365 admin center	●
Read all network performance properties in the Microsoft 365 admin center	●
Manage all aspects of Exchange Online	●
Create and manage support tickets in the Azure portal	●
Read and configure service health in the Azure portal	●
Update ownership of Microsoft 365 Groups	●
Update membership of Microsoft 365 Groups	●
Update basic properties of Microsoft 365 Groups	●
Restore deleted Microsoft 365 groups	●
Delete Microsoft 365 Groups	●
Create Microsoft 365 Groups	●
Read hidden members of a group	●

# RBAC roles

Name	UPN	ROLES
Lubomir Junior ADM	junior_adm@domain.com	User Administrator License Administrator Global Reader
Jan Security ADM	Security_adm@domain.com	Application Administrator Security Administrator Compliance Administrator
Jan Intune ADM	Intune_adm@domain.com	Intune Administrator
Katerina Kratka ADM	kratka_adm@domain.com	Exchange admin Sharepoint admin Teams admin
Lubomir Osmera	Osmera_adm	Global administrator

# Download assignment list

Microsoft Entra admin center

Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)

Home > Enterprise applications | All applications >

## Roles and administrators | All roles

Contoso

+ New custom role | Delete custom role | **Download assignments** | Refresh | Preview features | Got feedback?

Get just-in-time access to a role when you need it using PIM. Learn more about PIM →

**Your Role:** Global Administrator

### Administrative roles

Administrative roles are used for granting access for privileged actions in Microsoft Entra ID. We recommend using these built-in roles for delegating access to manage broad application configuration. [Learn more.](#)

[Learn more about Microsoft Entra ID role-based access control](#)

Search by name or description + Add filters

Role	Description	Privileged
<input type="checkbox"/> Application Administrator	Can create and manage all aspects of app registrations and enterprise apps.	PRIVILEGED
<input type="checkbox"/> Application Developer	Can create application registrations independent of the 'Users can register applications' setting.	PRIVILEGED
<input type="checkbox"/> Attack Payload Author	Can create attack payloads that an administrator can initiate later.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Attack Simulation Administrator	Can create and manage all aspects of attack simulation campaigns.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Attribute Assignment Administrator	Assign custom security attribute keys and values to supported Microsoft Entra objects.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Attribute Assignment Reader	Read custom security attribute keys and values for supported Microsoft Entra objects.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Attribute Definition Administrator	Define and manage the definition of custom security attributes.	

# Portals

- Cmd.ms
- Msportals.io
- Admin.Microsoft.com
- Portal.azure.com
- Entra.Microsoft.com

# Domain registrations

- UPN
- Email addresses
- Devices
- Application (rather custom URL than myapplication.azurewebsites.net)

# Emergency account

- <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/identity/role-based-access-control/security-emergency-access>
- demo

# demo

- Create account
- Assign global admin (adminn portal)
- Generate tap
- Register youbico (aka.ms/mfasetup)

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Entra ID user management interface for a user named 'emergency1'. The page is titled 'emergency1 | Authentication methods' and includes a navigation sidebar on the left with options like Overview, Audit logs, Sign-in logs, and Authentication methods. The main content area provides information about authentication methods, including a search bar, action links (Add authentication method, Reset password, etc.), and sections for Usable, Non-usable, and System preferred multifactor authentication methods. A table lists the system preferred MFA methods, showing that the 'System preferred MFA method' is currently 'No system preferred MFA method'. On the right side, there is a 'Add authentication method' panel with a dropdown menu to choose a method, with 'Temporary Access Pass' selected.

Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Copilot admin@gopas3d  
GOPAS COURSE OSMEI

Home > Authentication methods | Policies > Users > emergency1

emergency1 | Authentication methods

User

Search

+ Add authentication method | Reset password | Require re-register multifactor authentication | Revoke multifactor authentication sessions | View authentication methods policy | Got feedback?

Overview  
Audit logs  
Sign-in logs  
Diagnose and solve problems  
Custom security attributes  
Assigned roles  
Administrative units  
Groups  
Applications  
Licenses  
Devices  
Azure role assignments  
Authentication methods  
New support request

Authentication methods are the ways users sign into Microsoft Entra ID and perform self-service password reset (SSPR). The user's "default sign-in method" is the first one shown to the user when they are required to authenticate with a second factor - the user always can choose another registered, enabled authentication method to authenticate with. [Learn more](#)

Default sign-in method (Preview)  No default [✎](#)

Usable authentication methods

Authentication method	Detail
No usable methods.	

Non-usable authentication methods

Authentication method	Detail
No non-usable methods.	

System preferred multifactor authentication method

Feature status	System preferred MFA method
Enabled	No system preferred MFA method

Add authentication method

Choose method

- Email
- Phone number
- Temporary Access Pass
- QR code (Preview)



# Develop a Device Management Strategy

- MAM, MDM for mobile devices (next session)
- Access to applications from company owned vs BYOD devices

NIS 2 IMPLEMENTATION: "

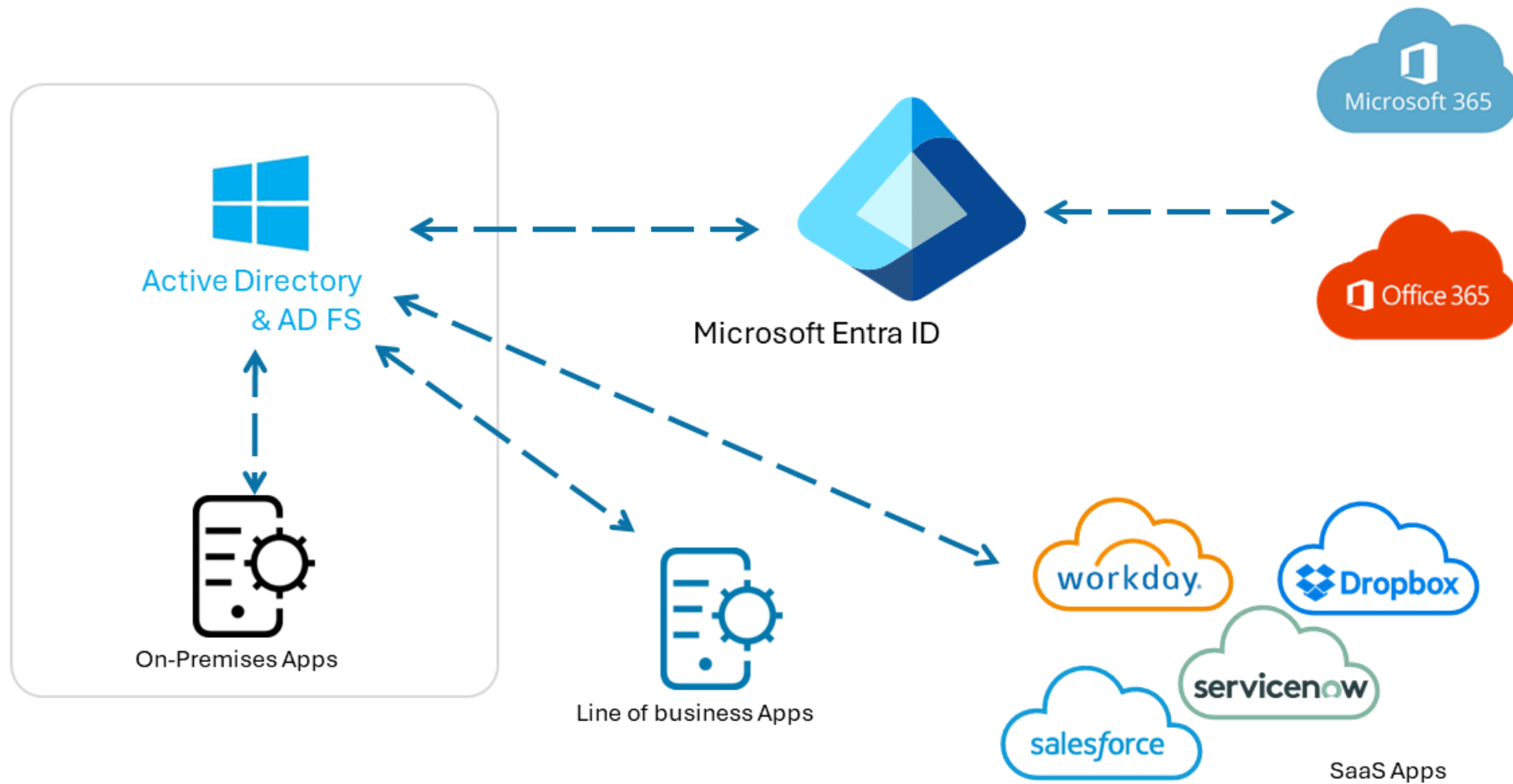
a) zavádí bezpečnostní opatření potřebná pro bezpečné používání mobilních zařízení a jiných obdobných technických aktiv, popřípadě i bezpečnostní opatření spojená s využitím technických aktiv, která povinná osoba nemá ve své správě"

# Develop a Licensing Plan

- Business premium contains advanced security components:
  - Defender for Business (endpoint security)
  - Defender for Office 365 (advanced email and office 365 apps security)
  - Entra Premium P1 (advanced identity security)

# Tenant configuration, identity security

# Entra importance and role



# Org settings

- Services
- Security & privacy
- Organization profile**

Name ↑	Description
Custom themes	Customize Microsoft 365 for your organization.
Custom tiles for Apps	Add tiles that open websites or SharePoint sites to Apps in the Microsoft 365 app.
Data location	See where Microsoft stores your data for each service you use.
Help desk information	Streamline user support by adding customized contact info to the Microsoft 365 help pane.
Keyboard shortcuts	Perform many common tasks using the keyboard. You can also see the full list of supported shortcuts by pressing S (mark).
Organization information	Update your organization's contact info, such as your address, phone number, and technical contact.
Release preferences	Choose how your organization gets new features and service updates from Microsoft 365.
Send email notifications from your domain	Let Microsoft send notification messages from an email address within your organization instead of Microsoft's default email address.
Support integration	Integrate your internal support tools with Microsoft 365.

## Data location

As part of our transparency principles, we publish the location where Microsoft stores your customer data, see [Where your Microsoft 365 customer data is stored](#).

Service	Geography
Exchange Online	European Union
Exchange Online Protection	European Union
Microsoft Teams	European Union
OneDrive	European Union
SharePoint	European Union
Viva Connections	European Union
Viva Topics	Error, please try again later.

This tenant is not eligible to purchase Microsoft 365 Advanced Data Residency add-on because the tenant sign-up country is not available. Please see [ADR Eligibility](#).

# Org settings

- Services
- Security & privacy**
- Organization profile

Name ↑	Description
<b>Help &amp; support query collection</b>	Choose whether Microsoft can use your organization's support queries to improve help & support.
<b>Idle session timeout</b>	Automatically sign users out of the Microsoft 365 web apps after a period of inactivity.
<b>Microsoft Graph Data Connect applications</b>	Approve and deny requests from apps to access your organization's Microsoft 365 data.
<b>Password expiration policy</b>	Set the password policy for all users in your organization.
<b>Privacy profile</b>	Set the privacy statement of your organization.
<b>Pronouns</b>	Allow all users in your organization to set their pronouns across Microsoft 365.
<b>Self-service password reset</b>	Let users reset their own forgotten passwords rather than contacting your organization's IT for help.
<b>Sharing</b>	Control access for people outside your organization.

## Privacy profile

Set the URL to your organization's privacy policy, and the email address of your privacy contact.

### Organization privacy statement \*

### Organization privacy contact

 @ 

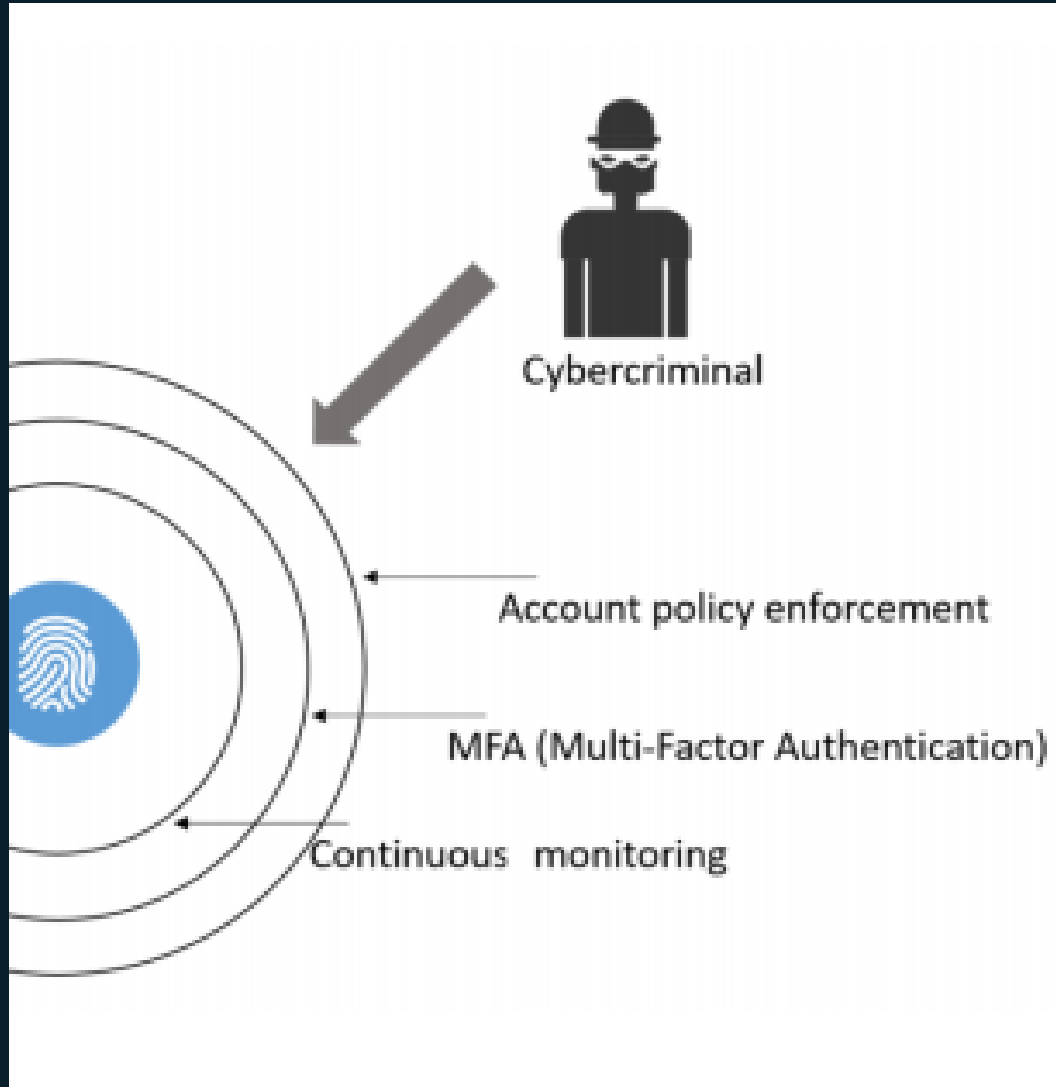
Save

# Company branding

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/fundamentals/how-to-customize-branding>

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Entra admin center interface. On the left, a navigation pane lists various categories: Identity, Users, Groups, Devices, Applications, Roles & admins, Billing, Settings, Protection, Identity governance, External Identities, User experiences, Hybrid management, Monitoring & health, and Learn & support. The 'Company branding' option under 'User experiences' is highlighted with a red box. The main content area is titled 'Company Branding' and includes a 'Got feedback?' link and three tabs: 'Getting started' (selected), 'Default sign-in', and 'Browser language customizations'. The 'Getting started' tab contains the heading 'Customize your end user experiences' and a sub-heading 'Customize your end user experiences'. Below this, there is a paragraph: 'Use your organization's logo and custom color schemes to provide a consistent look-and-feel on your Microsoft Entra ID sign-in pages.' followed by a 'Learn more' link. Two main sections are visible: 'Default sign-in experience' and 'Customize by browser language'. The 'Default sign-in experience' section includes a 'Customize' button, which is also highlighted with a red box. The 'Customize by browser language' section includes an 'Add browser language' button. The top right of the interface shows the user's email address: 'admin@M365BV646824... CONTOSO (M365BV646824.ON...)'.

# Identity security principle





# Identity types



Azure AD Tenant



User



Group



Service  
Principal



Managed  
Identity

# Entra ID default configuration

- User settings:  
[Users - Microsoft Entra admin center](#)
- External collaboration:  
[https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft\\_AAD\\_IAM/AllowlistPolicyBade](https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft_AAD_IAM/AllowlistPolicyBade)
- Groups:  
[Groups - Microsoft Entra admin center](#)
- Devices  
[Devices - Microsoft Entra admin center](#)
- Warning – autopilot: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/autopilot/tutorial/user-driven/azure-ad-join-allow-users-to-join>

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Azure portal interface for the tenant 'osmerait365'. The left-hand navigation pane is expanded to show 'User settings', which is highlighted. Below this, other categories like 'Properties', 'Security', 'Monitoring', and 'Troubleshooting + Support' are visible. The main content area on the right is titled 'User settings' and contains several configuration sections, each with a 'Yes' or 'No' toggle button:

- Enterprise applications:** Manage how end users launch and view their applications.
- App registrations:** Users can register applications. The 'Yes' toggle is selected.
- Tenant creation:** Restrict non-admin users from creating tenants (preview). The 'No' toggle is selected.
- Administration portal:** Restrict access to Azure AD administration portal. The 'No' toggle is selected.
- LinkedIn account connections:** Allow users to connect their work or school account with their Microsoft account. The 'Yes' toggle is selected, and a dropdown menu shows 'Selected group'.
- Show keep user signed in:** Show option to remain signed in. The 'Yes' toggle is selected.
- External users:** Manage external collaboration settings.



## Existing Guests - cleaning

- Possible reasons for guest cleaning
  - A guest account is used to review a shared document and is not needed thereafter.
  - External people leave a team (or teams) and their guest account remains in Entra ID.
  - People leave their employer and move on to new challenges. Their guest account is invalid because they can no longer authenticate using the Entra ID instance for the tenant of their old employer.

# Which cloud application can user use?












When I have Microsoft 365, I have only Microsoft 365 apps – teams, office or?????



# Application approve process

<https://app.diagrams.net/?src=about>

Techcommunity.Microsoft.com

08:52           72% 

< Enter account information

 Microsoft

richard [redacted]@hotmail.com

**Let this app access your info?**

[samsung.com](https://samsung.com)

Samsung Email needs your permission to:

- Access your mailbox
- Read and write access to your emails
- Read and write access to your emails
- 
- Maintain access to data you have given Samsung Email access to
- Read your profile

Accepting these permissions means that you allow this app to use your data as specified in their Terms of Service and Privacy Statement. **The publisher has not provided links to their terms for you to review.** You can change these permissions at <https://microsoft.com/consent>.  
[Show details](#)

No

Yes



# Groups, dynamic groups consideration



Microsoft 365 groups



Security groups



Mail-enabled security groups



Distribution groups

# Authentication methods

# Passwords in Entra

Passwords cannot be disabled...

Can be  
changed

Cannot be changed

## Password expiration

By default, passwords in Microsoft 365 expire every 90 days. As mentioned before, if you use MFA to secure the authentication process, having users update their password every 90 days can be extremely cumbersome. To set the password policy, navigate to the Microsoft 365 Admin Center and then go to **Settings > Org settings > Security & privacy**. Next, click **Password expiration policy**. When you're done making changes, click **Save**.

## Password protection

Save Discard Got feedback?

Custom smart lockout

Lockout threshold

Lockout duration in seconds

Custom banned passwords

Enforce custom list  Yes  No

Custom banned password list

Property	Requirements
Characters allowed	Uppercase characters (A - Z) Lowercase characters (a - z) Numbers (0 - 9) Symbols: - @ # \$ % ^ & * - _ ! + = [ ] { }   \ : ' , . ? / ` ~ " ( ) ; < > - blank space
Characters not allowed	Unicode characters
Password length	Passwords require - A minimum of eight characters - A maximum of 256 characters
Password complexity	Passwords require three out of four of the following categories: - Uppercase characters - Lowercase characters - Numbers - Symbols Note: Password complexity check isn't required for Education tenants.
Password not recently used	When a user changes their password, the new password shouldn't be the same as the current password.
Password isn't banned by Microsoft Entra Password Protection	The password can't be on the global list of banned passwords for Microsoft Entra Password Protection, or on the customizable list of banned passwords specific to your organization.

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/identity/authentication/concept-password-ban-bad-combined-policy>

[https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft\\_AAD\\_ConditionalAccess/PasswordProtectionBlade](https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft_AAD_ConditionalAccess/PasswordProtectionBlade)

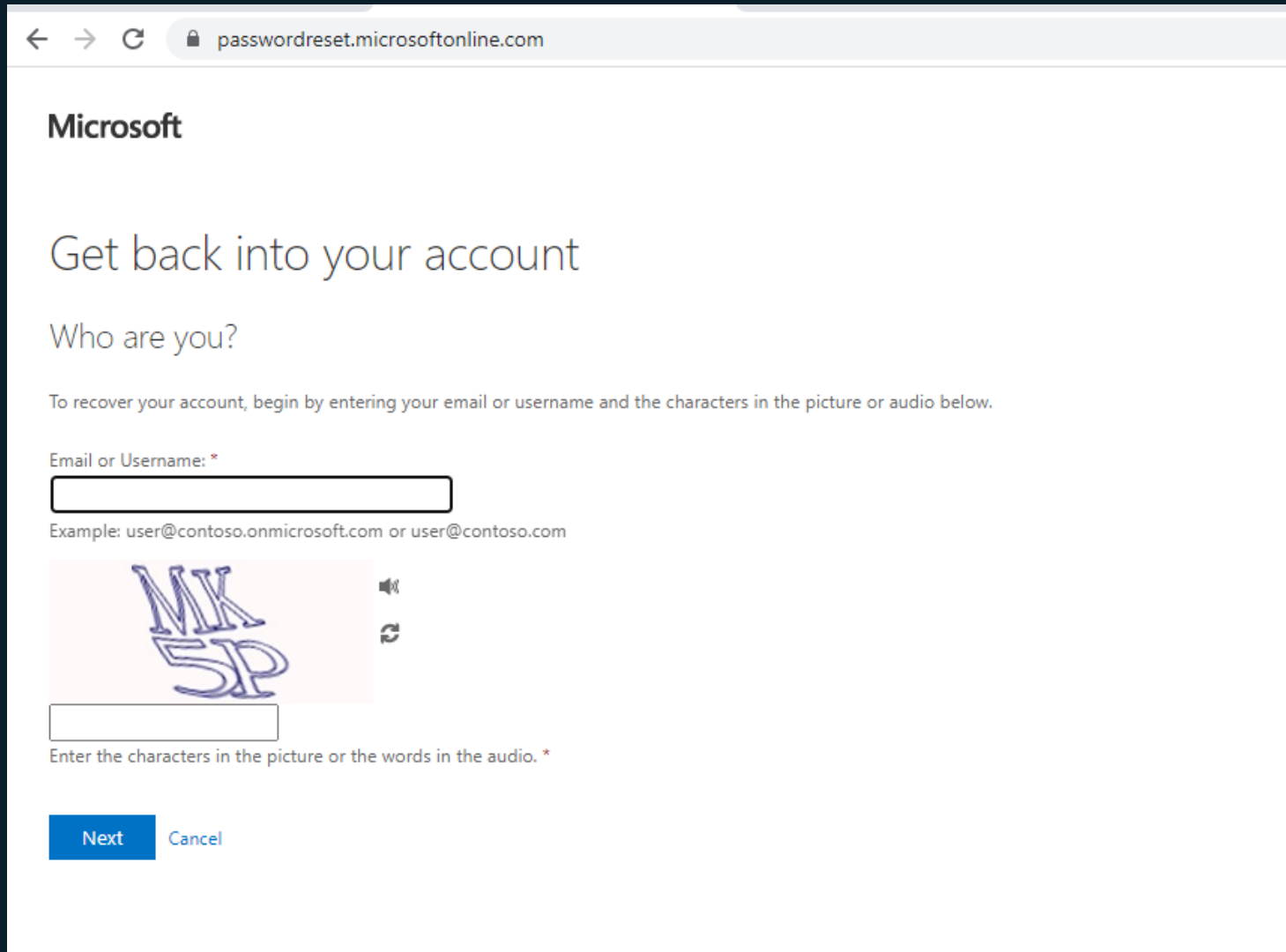
<https://admin.microsoft.com/Adminportal/Home#/Settings/SecurityPrivacy/Settings/L1/PasswordPolicy>



# Help desk is not necessary

Configuration link:

[https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft\\_AAD\\_IAM/PasswordResetMenuBlade/~/Properties/fromNav/](https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft_AAD_IAM/PasswordResetMenuBlade/~/Properties/fromNav/)



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying "passwordreset.microsoftonline.com". The page content includes the Microsoft logo, the heading "Get back into your account", and the question "Who are you?". Below this, there is a text input field for "Email or Username" with an asterisk indicating it is required. An example email address is provided: "user@contoso.onmicrosoft.com or user@contoso.com". To the right of the input field is a CAPTCHA image showing the letters "MK" and "SP" in a stylized font. Below the CAPTCHA image is another text input field. At the bottom of the page, there are two buttons: "Next" (highlighted in blue) and "Cancel".

Microsoft


## Get back into your account

Who are you?

To recover your account, begin by entering your email or username and the characters in the picture or audio below.

Email or Username: \*

Example: user@contoso.onmicrosoft.com or user@contoso.com



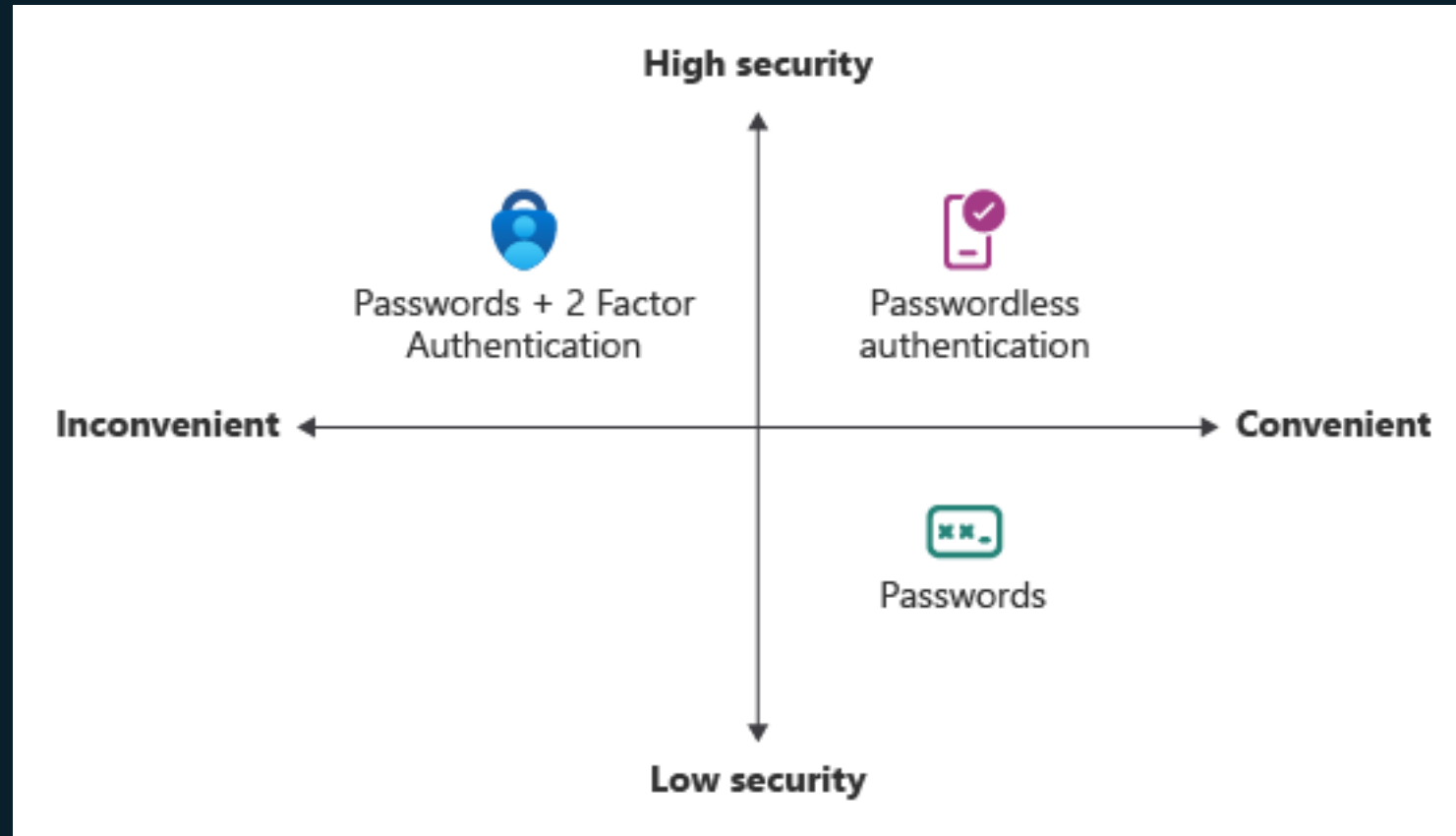
Enter the characters in the picture or the words in the audio. \*

[Next](#) [Cancel](#)

# DEMO ssprgroupusers

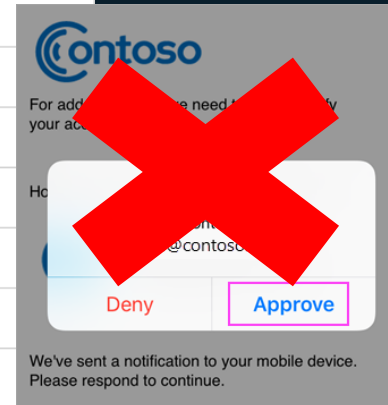
- [sspruser2@partnerday.lubomirosmera.eu](mailto:sspruser2@partnerday.lubomirosmera.eu)
- Reg method
- Show sspr

# MFA, passwordless



# AUTHENTICATION METHODS

Method	Primary authentication	Secondary authentication
Windows Hello for Business	Yes	MFA*
Microsoft Authenticator (Push)	No	MFA and SSPR
Microsoft Authenticator (Passwordless)	Yes	No*
Authenticator Lite	No	MFA
Passkey (FIDO2)	Yes	MFA
Certificate-based authentication	Yes	MFA
OATH hardware tokens (preview)	No	MFA and SSPR
OATH software tokens	No	MFA and SSPR
External authentication methods (preview)	No	MFA
Temporary Access Pass (TAP)	Yes	MFA
SMS	Yes	MFA and SSPR
Voice call	No	MFA and SSPR
Password	Yes	No



[https://portal.azure.com/#view/Microsoft\\_AAD\\_IAM/AuthenticationMethodsMenuBlade/~/\\_AdminAuthMethods](https://portal.azure.com/#view/Microsoft_AAD_IAM/AuthenticationMethodsMenuBlade/~/_AdminAuthMethods)

# Passwordless authentication methods by device types

Device types	Passwordless authentication method
Dedicated non-windows devices	<i>Microsoft Authenticator</i> Security keys
Dedicated Windows 10 computers (version 1703 and later)	<i>Windows Hello for Business</i> Security keys
Dedicated Windows 10 computers (before version 1703)	<i>Windows Hello for Business</i> <i>Microsoft Authenticator</i> app
Shared devices: tablets, and mobile devices	<i>Microsoft Authenticator</i> One-time password sign-in
Kiosks (Legacy)	<i>Microsoft Authenticator</i>
Kiosks and shared computers (Windows 10)	<i>Security keys</i> <i>Microsoft Authenticator</i> app

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/training/modules/manage-authentication-microsoft-entra-id/11-passwordless-authentication>

# Security defaults?

[https://portal.azure.com/#view/Microsoft\\_AAD\\_IAM/ActiveDirectory\\_MenuBlade/~~/Properties](https://portal.azure.com/#view/Microsoft_AAD_IAM/ActiveDirectory_MenuBlade/~~/Properties)

## **Non-customizable policies for tenant:**

- [Requiring all users to register for Azure AD Multi-Factor Authentication](#)
- [Requiring administrators to do multifactor authentication](#)
- [Requiring users to do multifactor authentication when necessary](#)
- [Blocking legacy authentication protocols](#)
- [Protecting privileged activities like access to the Azure portal](#)

# MFA deployment strategy

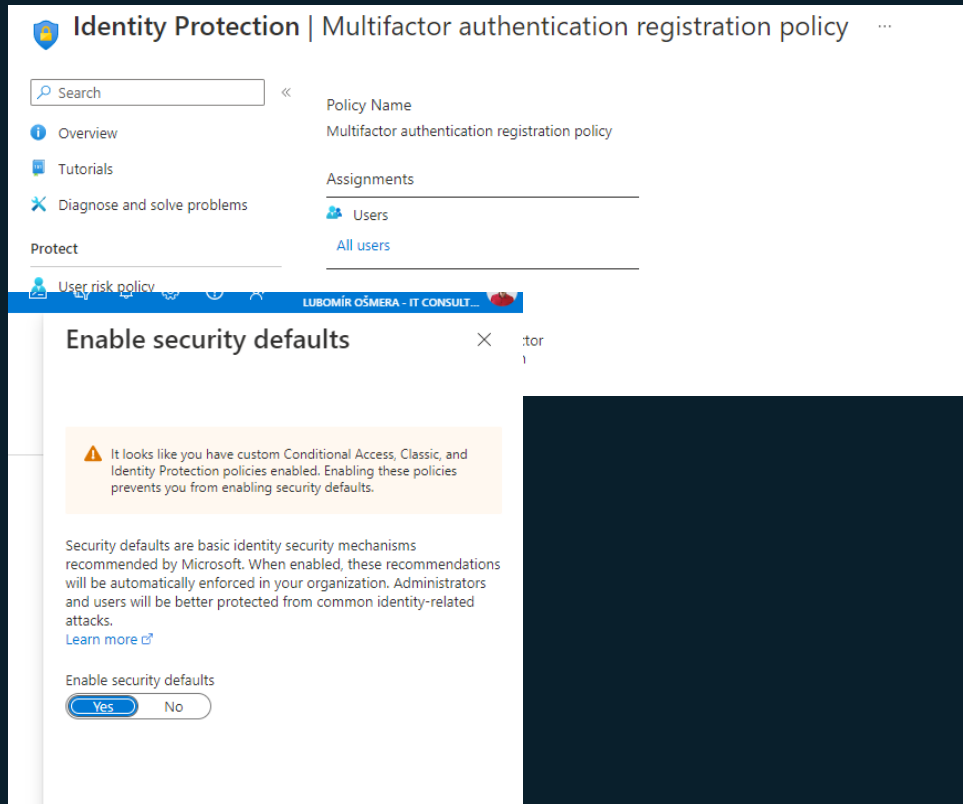
## Using these methods together

This table shows the results of enabling MFA with security defaults, Conditional Access policies, and per-user account settings.

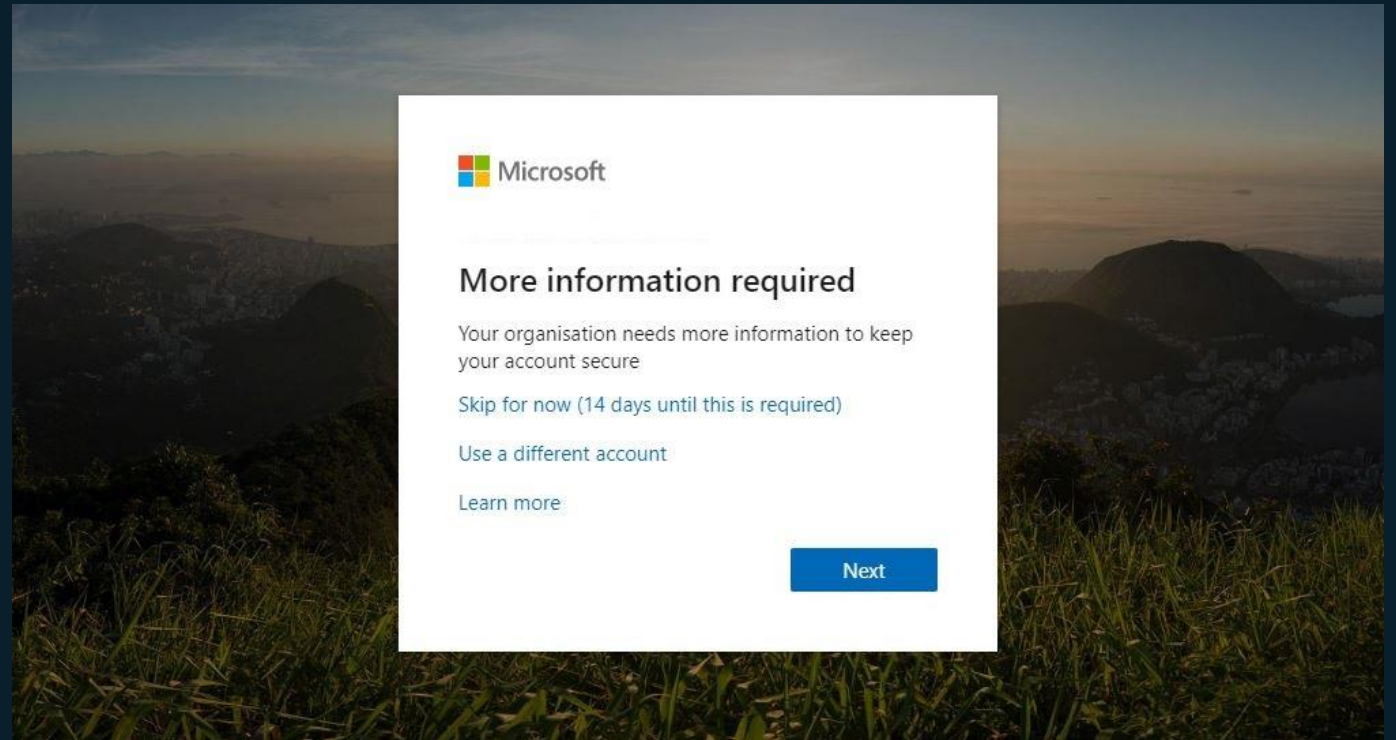
	<b>Enabled</b>	<b>Disabled</b>	<b>Secondary authentication method</b>
<b>Security defaults</b>	Can't use Conditional Access policies	Can use Conditional Access policies	Microsoft Authenticator app
<b>Conditional Access policies</b>	If any are enabled, you can't enable security defaults	If all are disabled, you can enable security defaults	User-specified during MFA registration
<b>Legacy per-user MFA (not recommended)</b>	Overrides security defaults and Conditional Access policies requiring MFA at each sign in	Overridden by security defaults and Conditional Access policies	User-specified during MFA registration

# User MFA registration – option 1

Enabling security defaults or identity protection registration policy:  
User must provide authenticator until 14 days from configuration:



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Identity Protection console. The main heading is "Identity Protection | Multifactor authentication registration policy". The left sidebar contains navigation options: Overview, Tutorials, Diagnose and solve problems, Protect, and User risk policy. The main content area shows the "Multifactor authentication registration policy" configuration page. A dialog box titled "Enable security defaults" is open, displaying a warning message: "It looks like you have custom Conditional Access, Classic, and Identity Protection policies enabled. Enabling these policies prevents you from enabling security defaults." Below the warning, there is explanatory text about security defaults and a "Learn more" link. At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "Yes" and "No".

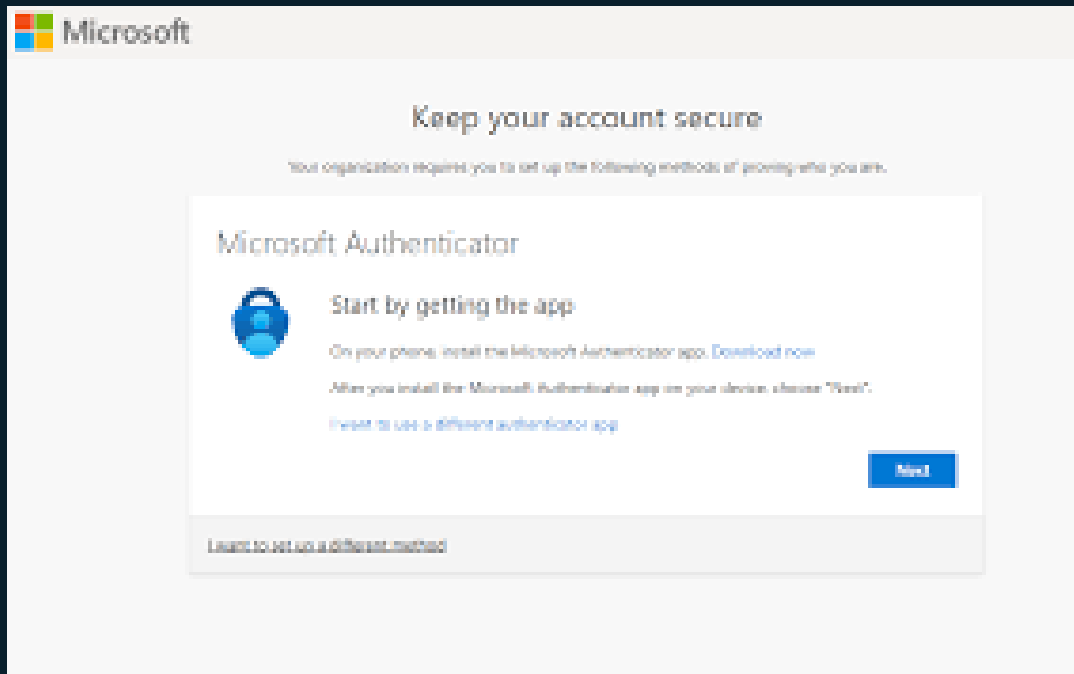


The screenshot shows a Microsoft notification dialog box titled "More information required". The Microsoft logo is at the top left. The main text reads: "Your organisation needs more information to keep your account secure". Below this, there are three options: "Skip for now (14 days until this is required)", "Use a different account", and "Learn more". A blue "Next" button is located at the bottom right of the dialog box.

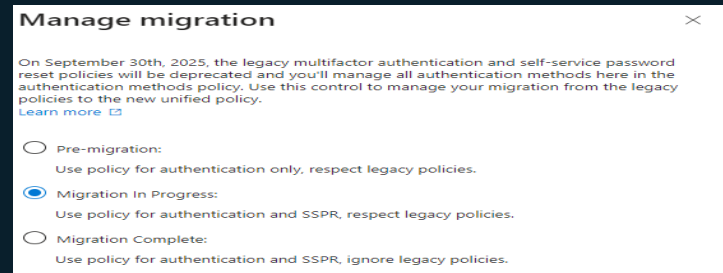


# User MFA registration – option 2

Manual registration on <https://aka.ms/mfasetup>



# Authentication methods configuration

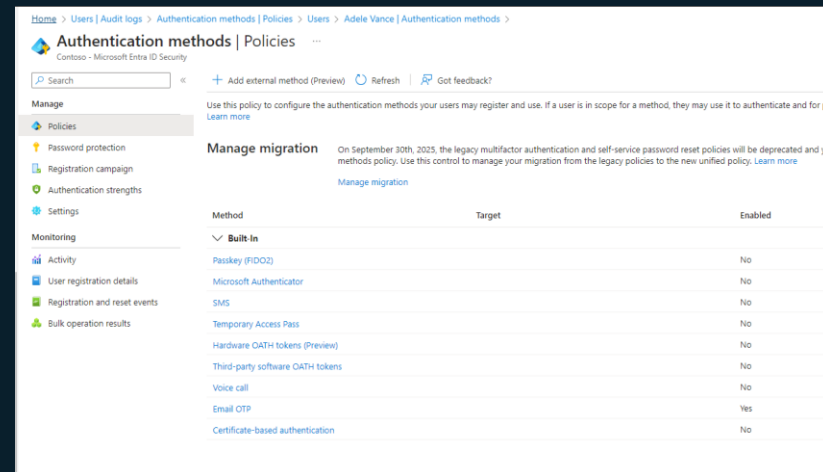
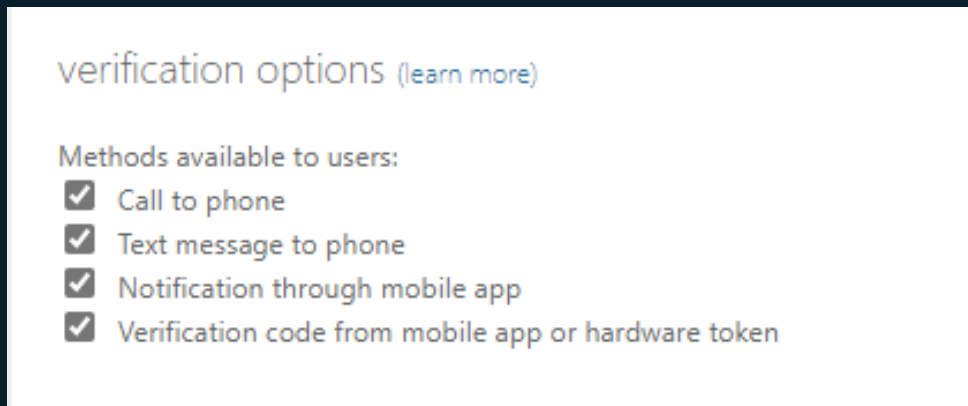


## Legacy:

[Multi-factor authentication \(windowsazure.com\)](https://windowsazure.com)

## Modern:

[https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft\\_AAD\\_IAM/AuthenticationMethodsMenuBlade/~/\\_AdminAuthMethods/f](https://entra.microsoft.com/#view/Microsoft_AAD_IAM/AuthenticationMethodsMenuBlade/~/_AdminAuthMethods/f)



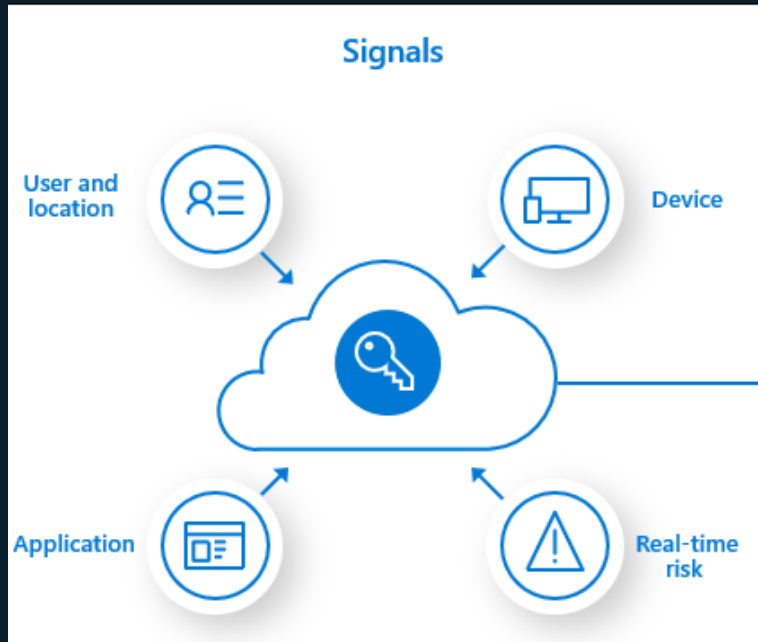
# Conditional access



What are default access rules for cloud environments? How can I access?

- Any device
- Any time
- Any location
- Any authentication method

# Conditional access



## Lokace

- Je v pořádku přihlašování z Číny?
- Je nutno přistupovat pouze z firemních IP adres?
- Pokud nepřistupuji z firemních adres, mám nějaké omezení? (MFA, znepřístupnění, podmínky spravovaných zařízení)

## Zařízení

- Je v pořádku připojování z Android, Macu, Linuxu?
- Povolujeme i BYOD?
- Musí zařízení splňovat health check podmínky?

## Aplikace

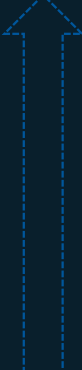
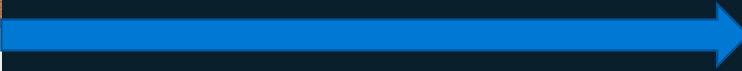
- Povolujeme přístup pouze ze schválených aplikací?
- Podporujeme i legacy aplikace?
- Budeme omezovat přístupy z Browseru? (délka relace, mobily)

## Co když je detekce něčeho podezřelého?

- Přístup z anonymní IP, přístup z inikovaného zařízení

How it  
works?



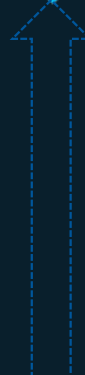




redirect



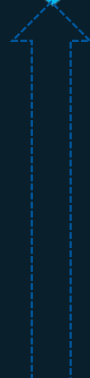
redirect







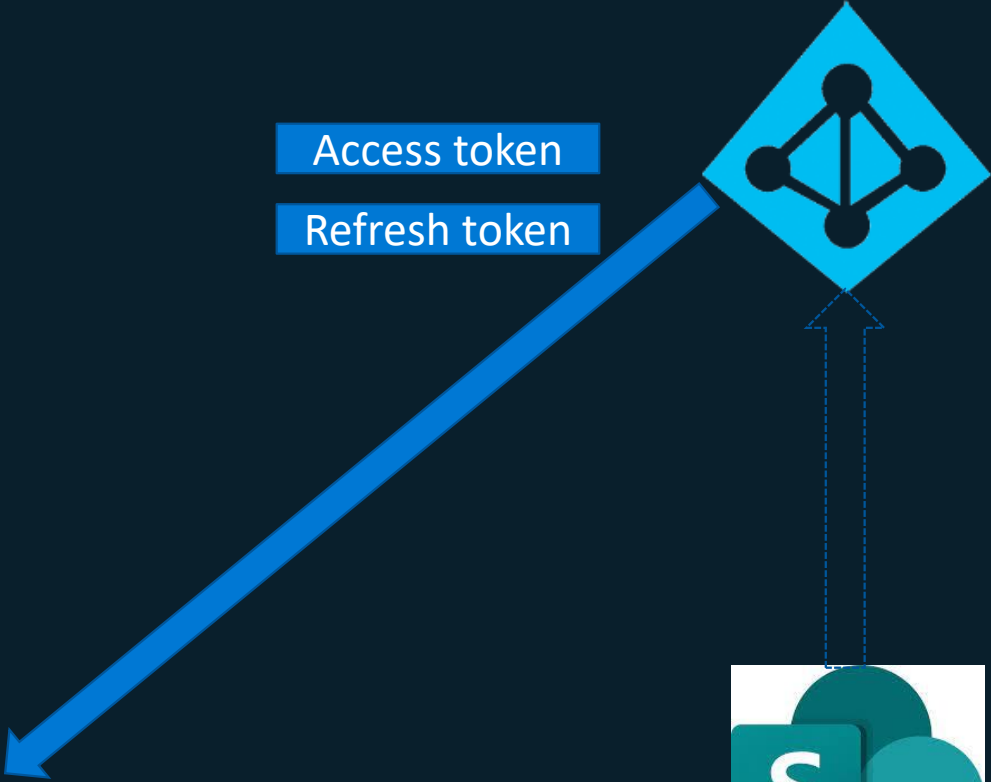
CA požadavky (MFA, compliant zařízení apod.)





CA požadavky (MFA,  
compliant zařízení  
apod.)  
splněny

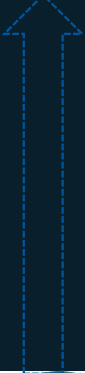
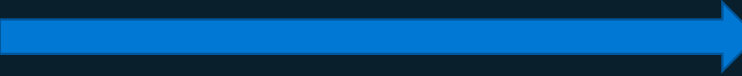






Access token

Refresh token



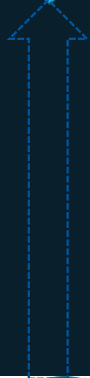


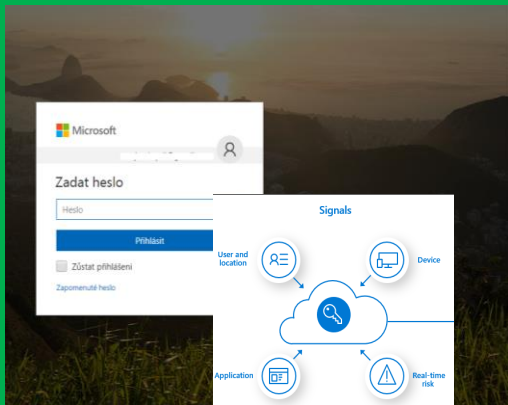
Access token

Refresh token



Access token





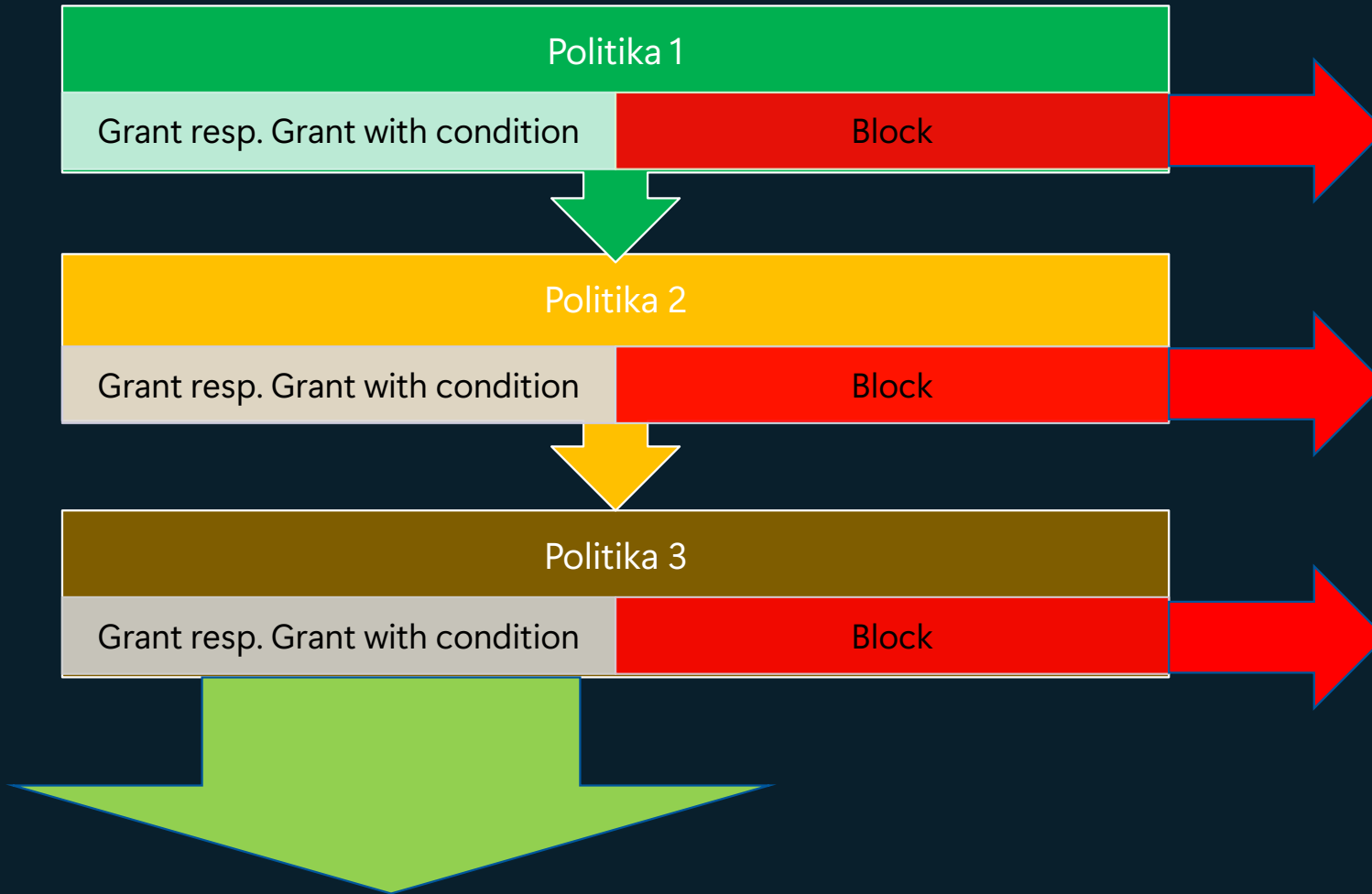
politika1

politika2

politika3

politika4

# Evaluation



# Conditional access policies creation

- Suitable tools – Excel worksheet, onenote, big paper and pens
- Coffee and delicious meal
- Map and design block scenarios – what should be blocked
- Consider also Microsoft prepared templates:  
[https://portal.azure.com/#view/Microsoft\\_AAD\\_ConditionalAccess/CaTemplates.ReactView](https://portal.azure.com/#view/Microsoft_AAD_ConditionalAccess/CaTemplates.ReactView)
- [Plan a Microsoft Entra Conditional Access deployment - Microsoft Entra ID | Microsoft Learn](#)





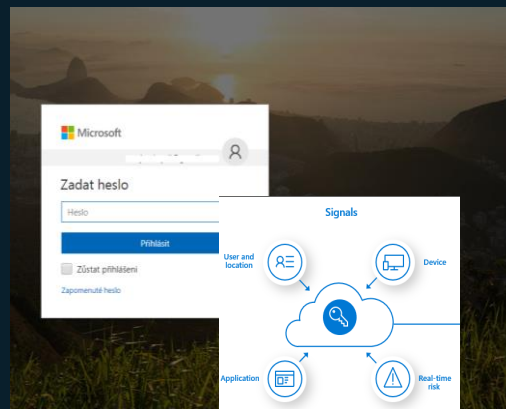
# DEMO: CA creation and test

- Block legacy authentication
- Require STRONG authentication for global admins
- Require multifactor authentication for all users, for guests
- Require multifactor authentication for Azure management
- Block access from untrusted location - We consider each other location except your RDP machine as an untrusted
- Secure MFA and self-service password reset registration
- Block any platform except Android, Ios, MACOS and Windows

# Important cases



Allow nebo deny????



# Forgotten cases



## Device platforms ×

Apply policy to selected device platforms.  
[Learn more](#)

Configure ⓘ

Yes  No

**Include** Exclude

Any device

Select device platforms

- Android
- iOS
- Windows Phone
- Windows
- macOS

## Device platforms ×

Apply policy to selected device platforms.  
[Learn more](#)

Configure ⓘ

Yes  No

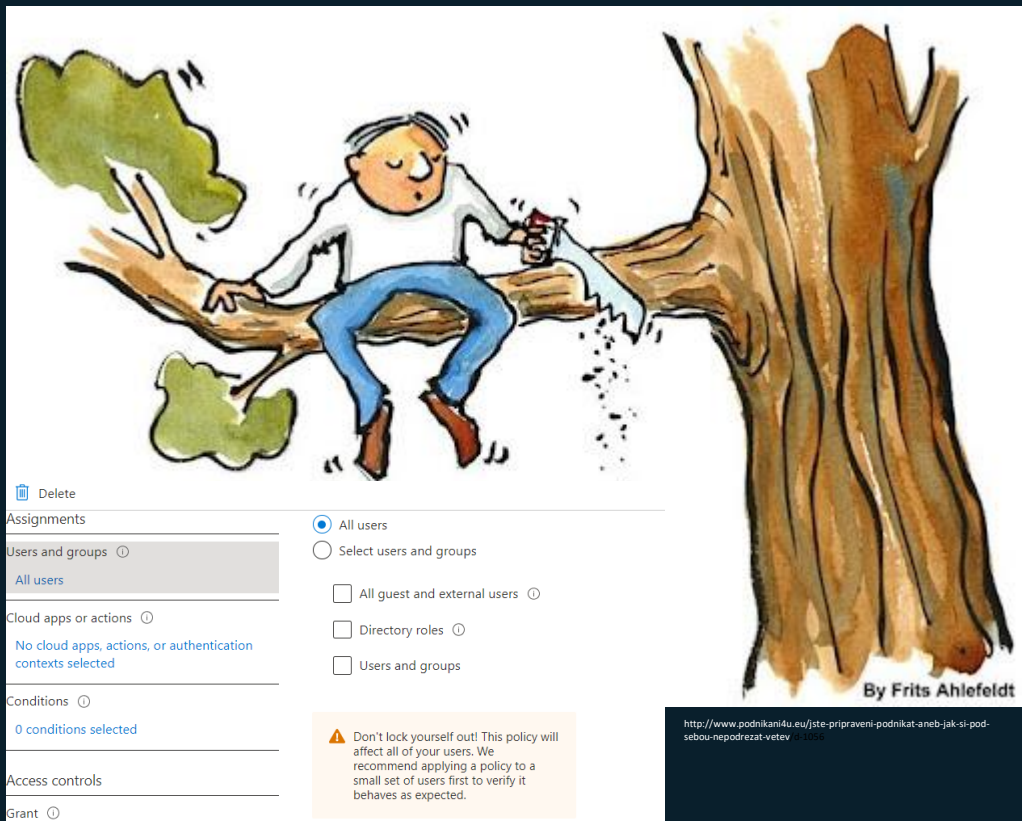
**Include** Exclude

Any device

Select device platforms

- Android
- iOS
- Windows Phone
- Windows
- macOS

# Attention – don't forget exceptions



- Emergency accounts are always in exceptions!!!
- Consider service accounts and external accounts as an exception from specific conditional access policies

# Microsoft admin portals term

## Microsoft Admin Portals

When a Conditional Access policy targets the Microsoft Admin Portals cloud app, the policy is enforced for tokens issued to application IDs of the following Microsoft administrative portals:

- Azure portal
- Exchange admin center
- Microsoft 365 admin center
- Microsoft 365 Defender portal
- Microsoft Entra admin center
- Microsoft Intune admin center
- Microsoft Purview compliance portal
- Microsoft Teams admin center

We're continually adding more administrative portals to the list.

### Note

The Microsoft Admin Portals app applies to interactive sign-ins to the listed admin portals only. Sign-ins to the underlying resources or services like Microsoft Graph or Azure Resource Manager APIs aren't covered by this application. Those resources are protected by the [Windows Azure Service Management API](#) app. This grouping enables customers to move along the MFA adoption journey for admins without impacting automation that relies on APIs and PowerShell. When you're ready, Microsoft recommends using a [policy requiring administrators perform MFA always](#) for comprehensive protection.

## Windows Azure Service Management API

When you target the Windows Azure Service Management API application, policy is enforced for tokens issued to application IDs of services closely bound to the portal. This grouping includes the application IDs of:

- Azure Resource Manager
- Azure portal, which also covers the Microsoft Entra admin center
- Azure Data Lake
- Application Insights API
- Log Analytics API

Because the policy is applied to the Azure management portal and API, services, or clients with an Azure API service dependency, can indirectly be impacted. For example:

- Azure CLI
- Azure Data Factory portal
- Azure DevOps
- Azure Event Hubs
- Azure PowerShell
- Azure Service Bus
- Azure SQL Database
- Azure Synapse
- Classic deployment model APIs
- Microsoft 365 admin center
- Microsoft IoT Central
- SQL Managed Instance
- Visual Studio subscriptions administrator portal

### Note

The Windows Azure Service Management API application applies to [Azure PowerShell](#), which calls the [Azure Resource Manager API](#). It doesn't apply to [Microsoft Graph PowerShell](#), which calls the [Microsoft Graph API](#).

# What about Entra ID P2?

# PIM

- Provide **just-in-time** privileged access to Azure AD and Azure resources
- Assign **time-bound** access to resources using start and end dates
- Require **approval** to activate privileged roles
- Enforce **multi-factor authentication** to activate any role
- Use **justification** to understand why users activate
- Get **notifications** when privileged roles are activated
- Conduct **access reviews** to ensure users still need roles
- Download **audit history** for internal or external audit
- Prevents removal of the **last active Global Administrator** role assignment
- Supporting for Azure AD and Azure roles



Role name	Require MFA	Notification	Require approval	Activation duration
Global Administrator	Yes	Yes	Yes	1 hour
Security Administrator	Yes	Yes	Yes	4 hours
Security Reader	Yes	Yes	No	8 hours
Compliance administrator	Yes	Yes	Yes	4 hours
Exchange administrator	Yes	Yes	Yes	2 hours
SharePoint administrator	Yes	No	No	4 hours
Teams administrator	Yes	No	No	4 hours
User administrator	Yes	Yes	No	2 hours
Global reader	Yes	Yes	No	8 hours
Reports reader	No	No	No	2 hours
Helpdesk administrator	No	No	No	2 hours
Billing administrator	Yes	No	No	2 hours
License administrator	No	No	No	2 hours
Intune administrator	Yes	No	No	4 hours
eDiscovery Manager	Yes	Yes	Yes	2 hours
eDiscovery Administrator	Yes	Yes	Yes	2 hours
Service Support Administrator	-	-	-	Permanently
Message center reader	-	-	-	Permanently
Customer Lockbox access approver	-	-	-	Permanently

# PIM DESIGN EXAMPLE

**DEMO: PIM – global reader for student7**

# ENTRA ID PROTECTION – AI POWERED IDENTITY PROTECTION

RISK LEVEL	DETECTION TYPE	RISK EVENT TYPE	RISK EVENTS CLOSED	LAST UPDATED (UTC)
High	Offline	Users with leaked credentials ⓘ	44 of 45	12/7/2016 1:04 AM
Medium	Real-time	Sign-ins from anonymous IP addresses ⓘ	76 of 78	1/17/2017 2:44 PM
Medium	Offline	Impossible travels to atypical locations ⓘ	11 of 14	1/17/2017 2:44 PM
Medium	Real-time	Sign-in from unfamiliar location ⓘ	0 of 1	11/15/2016 7:18 PM
Low	Offline	Sign-ins from infected devices ⓘ	76 of 78	1/17/2017 2:44 PM

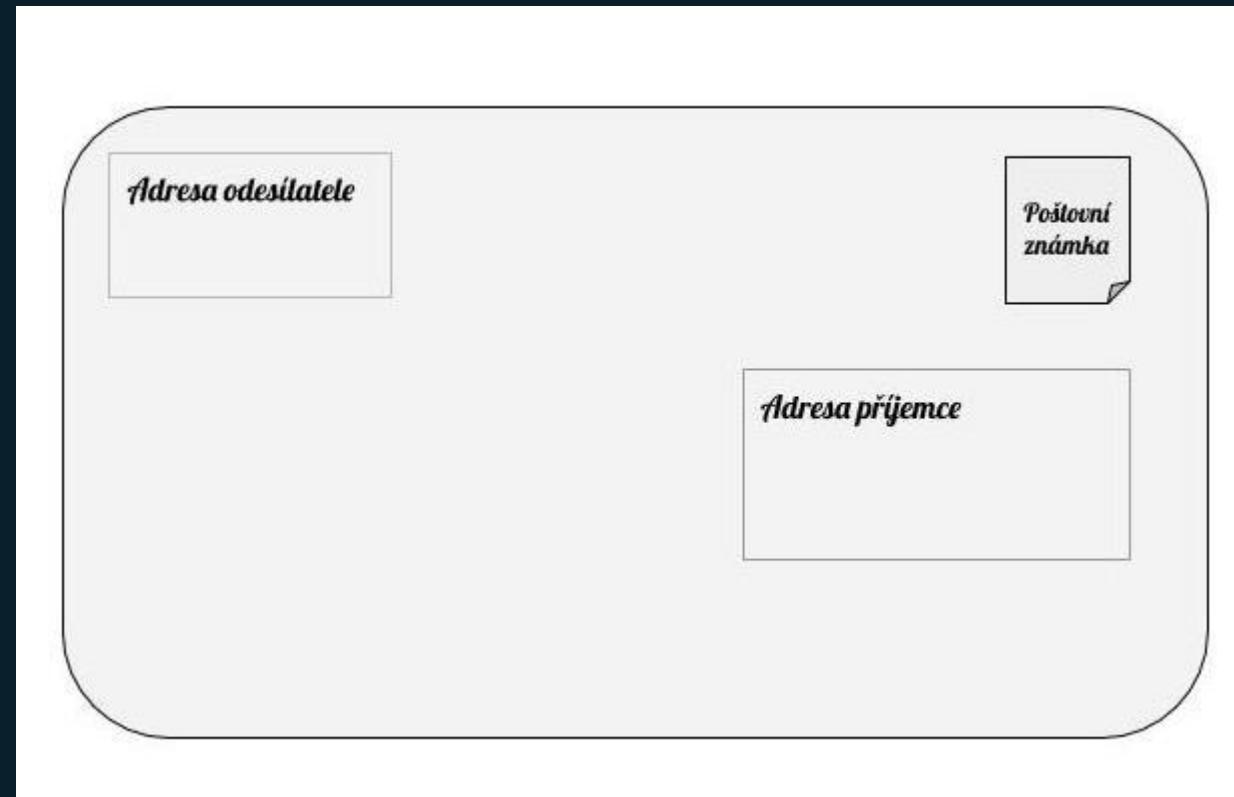
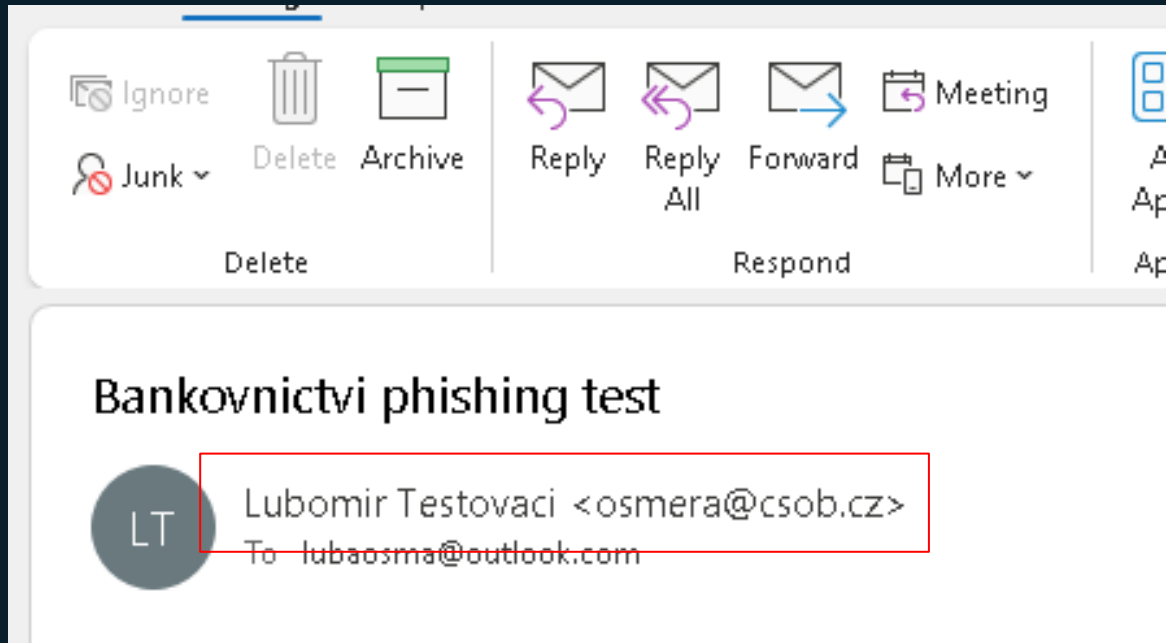
Image source: <https://danielchronlund.com/2019/02/27/top-security-logs-and-reports-in-office-365-and-azure-ad/>

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/entra/id-protection/concept-identity-protection-risks>

# Office 365 apps security and Defender for Office 365

Addressing issues with phishing and spam should be a top priority for partners...

# Basic spoofing demo



# DNS records

Microsoft 365 admin center

Search

Domains > Manage DNS

- Connect domain
- Connection options
- Add DNS records**
- Finish

**To add these records for partnerday.lubomirosmiera.eu, go to your DNS hosting provider: Other.**

To start routing email through Microsoft 365, select **Exchange and Exchange Online Protection**. Next, sign in to your domain host and add new DNS records that match the records shown here. Copy the values below and paste them into the new records at your domain host, or download or print the DNS record info to use as a reference. When you're finished, select **Continue**.

If you don't want to set up email, clear the selection and continue without adding DNS records for it.

[Download CSV file](#) [Download Zone file](#) [Print](#)

Exchange and Exchange Online Protection

Email, contacts, and scheduling are all provided by Exchange. Set up this service to enable all the functionality of Outlook and other email clients. Exchange services need 3 records to work right: an MX record tells where to deliver email messages, a TXT to prevent someone from spoofing your domain to send spam, and a CNAME record for client-side Autodiscover, helping mail clients connect users to their respective mailboxes.

Don't add these DNS records if:

- You need custom DNS routing for your email, for example, to route traffic through an external spam filtering service
- You're already using Exchange on-premises as well as Exchange Online (also called a hybrid deployment)

If this applies, you will need to clear the **Exchange and Exchange Online Protection** selection and set up your own custom DNS records to route email through Microsoft 365 later.

Important: Before adding these DNS records, make sure you've already set up partnerday.lubomirosmiera.eu email addresses in Microsoft 365 for all existing users who still need one, or they won't be able to send and receive email.

**MX Records (1)**  
[View instructions for MX Records](#)

Record	Host Name	Points to address or value	Priority	TTL	Status
Expected	partnerday	partnerday-lubomirosmiera-eu.mail.protection.outlook.com	0	1 Hour	

**CNAME Records (1)**  
[View instructions for CNAME Records](#)

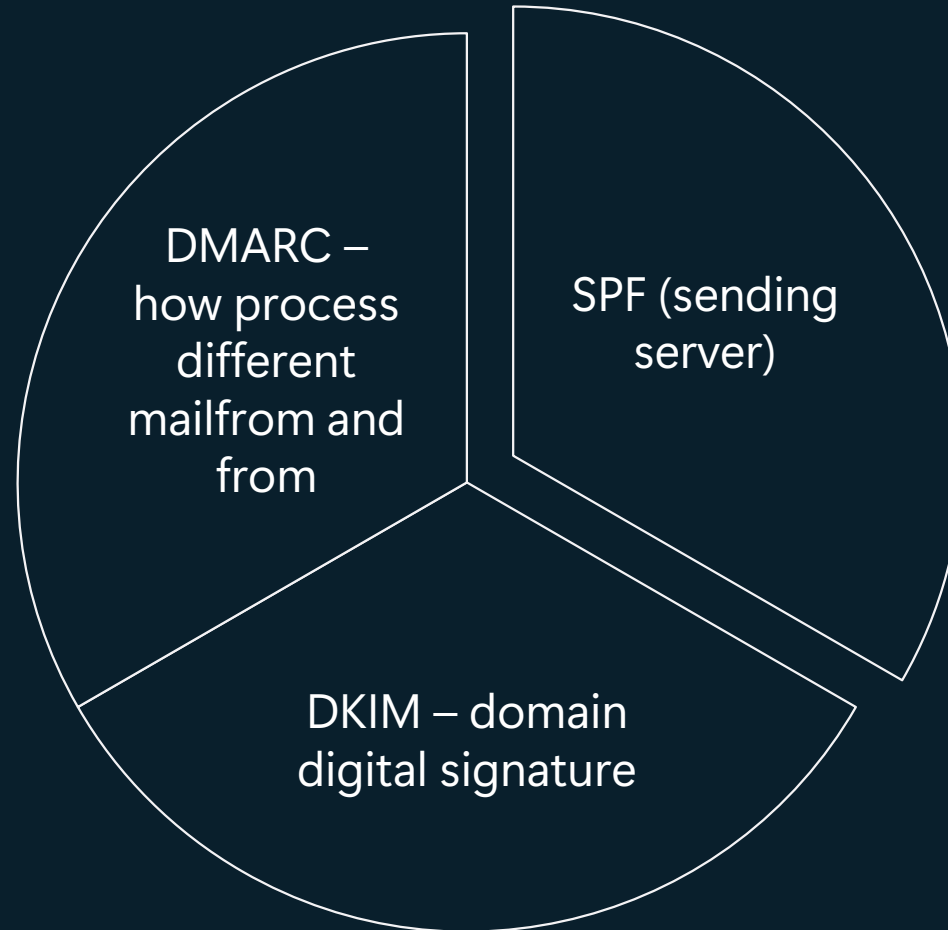
Record	Host Name	Points to address or value	TTL	Status
Expected	autodiscover.partnerday	autodiscover.outlook.com	1 Hour	

**TXT Records (1)**  
[View instructions for TXT Records](#)

Record	TXT name	TXT value	TTL	Status
Expected	partnerday	v=spf1 include:spf.protection.outlook.com -all	1 Hour	

[Back](#) [Continue](#)

# Message explicit authentication



# DKIM DNS records

Microsoft 365 admin center

Search

Domains > Manage DNS

**Connect domain**

Connection options

**Add DNS records**

Finish

DomainKeys Identified Mail (DKIM)

It can take up to 48 hours to create DKIM records and update DKIM status.

DKIM helps stop attackers from sending emails that look like they come from your domain by encrypting a signature within every outbound message header. DKIM needs 2 CNAME records to add the message headers. [Learn more about DKIM](#)

**CNAME Records (2)**

[View instructions for CNAME Records](#)

Record	Host Name	Points to address or value	TTL	Status
Expected	selector1._domainkey.partnerday	selector1-partnerday-lubomirosmereu._domainkey.gopas3df36c5841734cc49e59.onmicrosoft.com	1 Hour	
Expected	selector2._domainkey.partnerday	selector2-partnerday-lubomirosmereu._domainkey.gopas3df36c5841734cc49e59.onmicrosoft.com	1 Hour	

Back Continue

Help & support

Give Feedback

Close



# Extend DMARC and SPF protection to other domains not used for email

- enable DMARC and SPF for all domains even if they parked or not currently used for email
- For domains that do not send mail, you can protect them with an SPF record that hard fails all senders. For example, "v=spf1 -all".

# Enable Unified Audit Log

<https://purview.microsoft.com/audit/>

User and admin activity from your organization is recorded in the audit log and automatically retained for 180 days

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/purview/audit-log-enable-disable?tabs=microsoft-purview-portal>

# Enable alert policies

- <https://security.microsoft.com/alertpoliciesv2>
- How to create custom rules? Based on logs and conditions - whatever

**New Alert Policy**

✓ Name your alert

● **Create alert settings**

○ Set your recipients

○ Review your settings

### Choose an activity, conditions and when to trigger the alert

You can only choose one activity but you can add conditions to refine what we'll detect.

#### What do you want to alert on?

Activity is

Select an activity

+ Add condition

#### How do you want the alert to be triggered?

Every time an activity matches the rule

**When the volume of matched activities reaches a threshold**

More than or equal to  activities

During the last  minutes

On

# Email security configuration

- <https://security.microsoft.com/threatpolicy>

# EOP filtering

Microsoft 365 Security for IT  
Pros (2022-edition)  
<https://m365security.gumroad.com//DiRFK>

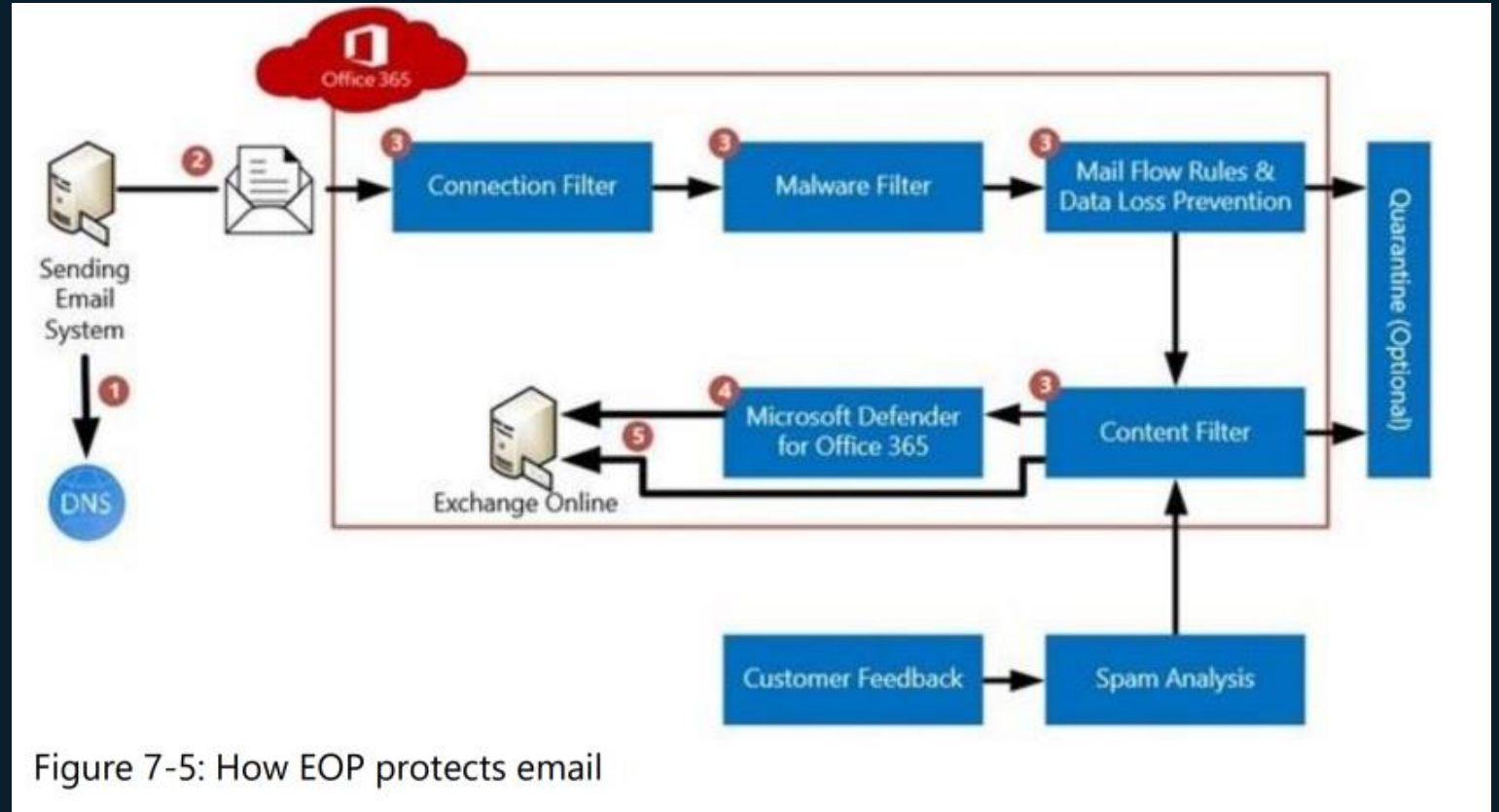


Figure 7-5: How EOP protects email

# Block all executable email attachments

- <https://www.threatdown.com/blog/emotet-adopts-microsoft-onenote-attachments/>
- Encrypted ZIP consideration

# Enable preset security policy

EOP

ANTISPAM

ANTIMALWARE

ANTIPHISHING

Defender for Office 365

Advanced Antiphishing

Safe links

..

Safe Attachments

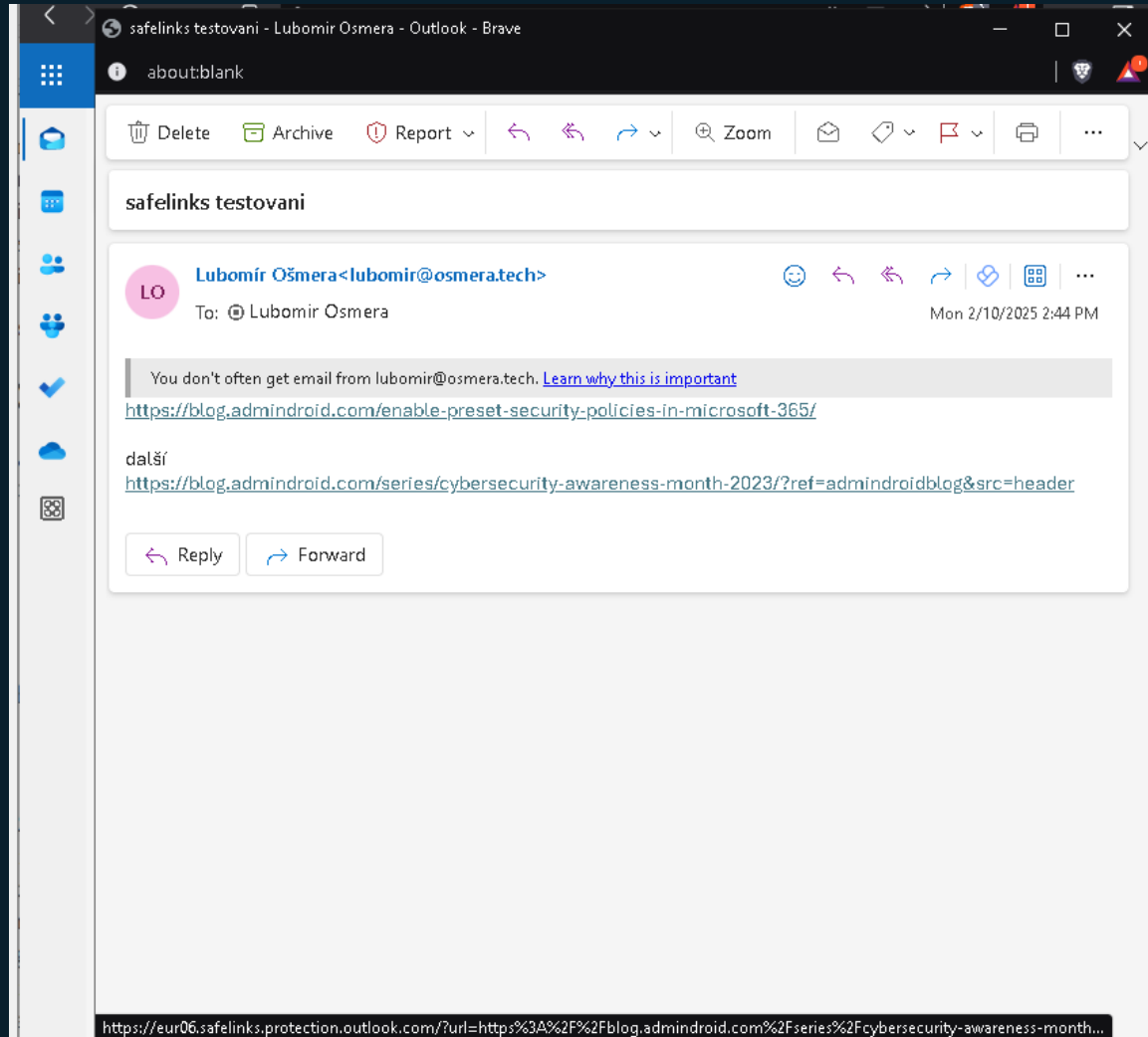
# Standard – for all users, consider strict for sensitive accounts

	Standard	Strict
<b>Anti-malware policy</b>	No difference	No difference
<b>Anti-spam policy</b>		
<b>Bulk compliant level (BCL) met or exceeded</b> detection action ( <i>BulkSpamAction</i> )	Move message to Junk Email folder (MoveToJmf)	Quarantine message (Quarantine)
<b>Bulk email threshold</b> ( <i>BulkThreshold</i> )	6	5
<b>Spam</b> detection action ( <i>SpamAction</i> )	Move message to Junk Email folder (MoveToJmf)	Quarantine message (Quarantine)
<b>Anti-phishing policy</b>		
<b>If the message is detected as spoof</b> by spoof intelligence ( <i>AuthenticationFailAction</i> )	Move message to Junk Email folder (MoveToJmf)	Quarantine message (Quarantine)
<b>Show first contact safety tip</b> ( <i>EnableFirstContactSafetyTips</i> )	Selected (\$true)	Selected (\$true)
<b>If mailbox intelligence detects an impersonated user</b> ( <i>MailboxIntelligenceProtectionAction</i> )	Move message to Junk Email folder (MoveToJmf)	Quarantine message (Quarantine)
<b>Phishing email threshold</b> ( <i>PhishThresholdLevel</i> )	3 - More aggressive (3)	4 - Most aggressive (4)

	Built-in protection	Standard and Strict
<b>Safe Attachments policy</b>	No difference	No difference
<b>Safe Links policy</b>		
<b>Let users click through to the original URL</b> ( <i>AllowClickThrough</i> )	Selected (\$true)	Not selected (\$false)
<b>Do not rewrite URLs, do checks via Safe Links API only</b> ( <i>DisableURLRewrite</i> )	Selected (\$true)	Not selected (\$false)
<b>Apply Safe Links to email messages sent within the organization</b> ( <i>EnableForInternalSenders</i> )	Not selected (\$false)	Selected (\$true)



# Safe links demo



# Safe attachments demo

**Block** Prevents messages with detected malware attachments from being delivered.

Messages are quarantined. By default, only admins (not users) can review, release, or delete the messages.<sup>1</sup>

Automatically blocks future instances of the messages and attachments.

Delivery of safe messages might be delayed due to Safe Attachments scanning.

Protects your organization from repeated attacks using the same malware attachments.

This is the default value, and the recommended value in **Standard** and Strict preset security policies.

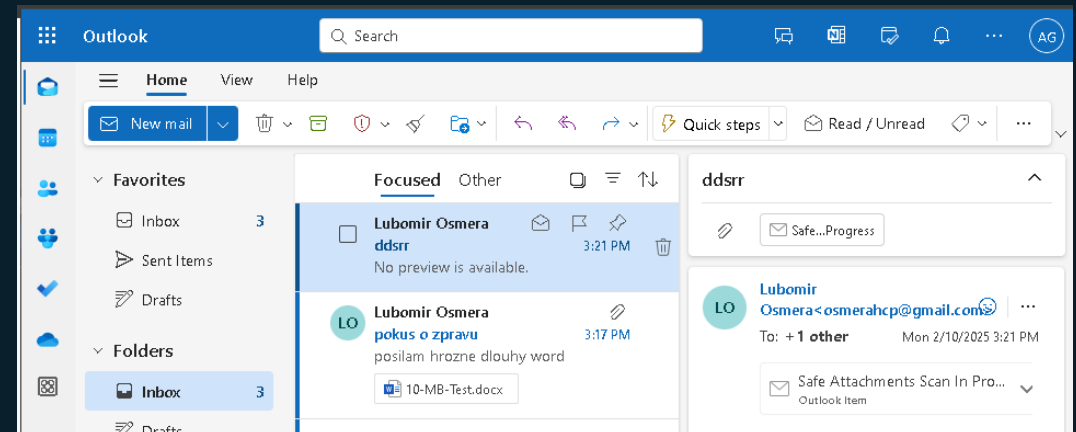
**Dynamic Delivery** Delivers messages immediately, but replaces attachments with placeholders until Safe Attachments scanning is complete.

Avoid message delays while protecting recipients from malicious files.

Messages that contain malicious attachments are quarantined. By default, only admins (not users) can review, release, or delete the messages.<sup>1</sup>

For details, see the [Dynamic Delivery in Safe Attachments policies](#) section later in this article.

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/defender-office-365/safe-attachments-about>



# Block autoforwarding outside the company

You can use outbound spam filter policies to control automatic forwarding to external recipients. Three settings are available:

- **Automatic - System-controlled:** This is the default value. This value is now the same as **Off - Forwarding is disabled**. When this value was originally introduced, it was equivalent to **On - Forwarding is enabled**. Over time, thanks to the principles of [secure by default](#), the effect of this value was eventually changed to **Off - Forwarding is disabled** for all customers. For more information, see [this blog post](#).
- **On - Forwarding is enabled:** Automatic external forwarding is allowed and not restricted.
- **Off - Forwarding is disabled:** Automatic external forwarding is disabled and results in a non-delivery report (also known as an NDR or bounce message) to the sender.

<https://security.microsoft.com/antispam>

# Respond to user Phishing reports

<https://admin.microsoft.com/#/Settings/IntegratedApps>

The screenshot shows the Microsoft 365 admin center interface. The left sidebar contains navigation options: Home, Copilot, Users, Teams & groups, Roles, Resources, Billing, Support, and Settings (expanded to show Domains, Search & intelligence, Org settings, and Microsoft 365 Backup). The main content area is titled 'Integrated apps' and includes a search bar, a breadcrumb 'Home > Integrated apps', and a description: 'Discover, purchase, acquire, manage, and deploy Microsoft 365 Apps developed by Microsoft partners. You can also manage out-of-business add-ins developed within your organization. For advanced management of these apps go to the respective admin center or page: [Azure Active Directory](#).' Below this are tabs for 'Deployed apps', 'Available apps', and 'Blocked apps'. A note states: 'All apps in this list have been installed for tenant users.' There is a section for 'Popular apps to be deployed' with several app icons. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Get apps', 'Upload custom apps', and 'Refresh', along with '1 items' and a 'Filter' button. A table lists the installed app:

Name	Host products	Status
Report Phishing Report missed phish e-mails based on the confi...	Outlook	<span style="color: blue;">In Progress</span>

# Turn on Defender for Office 365 for SharePoint, OneDrive, and Microsoft Teams

Microsoft Defender

Policies & rules > Threat policies > Safe attachments

## Safe attachments

Set up an safe attachments policy for specific users or groups to help prevent people from opening or sharing email attachments that contain malicious content.

+ Create ↓ Export ↻ Refresh 📄 Reports ⚙️ Global settings ⋮ More actions

Name	Status
Standard Preset Security Policy	On
SafeAttachment_partnerday	On

### Global settings

Use this page to protect your organization from malicious content in email attachments and files in SharePoint, OneDrive, and Microsoft Teams.

#### Protect files in SharePoint, OneDrive, and Microsoft Teams

If a file in any SharePoint, OneDrive, or Microsoft Teams library is identified as malicious, Safe Attachments will prevent users from opening and downloading the file. [Learn more](#)

#### Turn on Defender for Office 365 for SharePoint, OneDrive, and Microsoft Teams

#### Help people stay safe when trusting a file to open outside Protected View in Office applications.

Before a user is allowed to trust a file opened in a supported version of Office, the file will be

### URL & click protection settings

Set your Safe Links URL and click protection settings for this policy. [Learn more.](#)

#### Email

- On: Safe Links checks a list of known, malicious links when users click links in email. URLs are rewritten by default.
  - Apply Safe Links to email messages sent within the organization
  - Apply real-time URL scanning for suspicious links and links that point to files
  - Wait for URL scanning to complete before delivering the message
  - Do not rewrite URLs, do checks via Safe Links API only.

Do not rewrite the following URLs in email (0)  
[Manage 0 URLs](#)

#### Teams

- On: Safe Links checks a list of known, malicious links when users click links in Microsoft Teams. URLs are not rewritten.

#### Office 365 Apps

- On: Safe Links checks a list of known, malicious links when users click links in Microsoft Office apps. URLs are not rewritten.

#### Click protection settings

- Track user clicks
  - Let users click through to the original URL
  - Display the organization branding on notification and warning pages

# Some Teams security policies

- <https://admin.teams.microsoft.com/company-wide-settings/external-communications>
- <https://admin.teams.microsoft.com/company-wide-settings/guest-configuration>
- <https://admin.teams.microsoft.com/company-wide-settings/teams-settings>

<input type="checkbox"/> Guest access in Teams	Enabled
<input type="checkbox"/> External chat in Teams	Enabled
<input type="checkbox"/> Third-party cloud storage in Teams	Blocked

# Disable 3rd party & custom apps in Teams

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Teams admin center interface. The browser address bar displays `admin.teams.microsoft.com/policies/app-permission/edit/R2xvYmFs`. The page title is "Microsoft Teams admin center" with a search bar. The left navigation pane includes "Teams apps" and "Permission policies". The main content area is titled "App permission policies \ Global" and shows the "Global (Org-wide default)" policy. Below the title, there is a description: "Default policy for users who aren't assigned to a policy." The policy is configured for three categories: "Microsoft apps", "Third-party apps", and "Custom apps", each with a dropdown menu set to "Allow all apps".

admin.teams.microsoft.com/policies/app-permission/edit/R2xvYmFs

Microsoft Teams admin center

App permission policies \ Global

**Global (Org-wide default)**

Default policy for users who aren't assigned to a policy.

**Microsoft apps**  
Choose which Teams apps published by Microsoft or its partners can be installed by your users.

Allow all apps

**Third-party apps**  
Choose which Teams apps published by a third-party that can be installed by your users.

Allow all apps

**Custom apps**  
Choose which custom apps can be installed by your users.

Allow all apps

# Customize Teams meeting settings

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Teams admin center interface for editing meeting settings. The left-hand navigation pane includes categories like 'Teams apps', 'Meetings', and 'Messaging'. The 'Meetings' section is expanded to show 'Meeting policies'. The main content area is titled 'Microsoft Teams admin center' and contains a search bar. Below this, there are three toggle switches for 'External meeting chat', 'Q&A', and 'Reactions', all of which are currently turned 'On'. A section titled 'Content sharing' provides a description of the settings and a link to learn more. It includes several configuration options: 'Who can present' (set to 'Everyone'), 'Screen sharing' (set to 'Entire screen'), 'Participants can give or request control' (On), 'External participants can give or request control' (Off), 'PowerPoint Live' (On), 'Whiteboard' (On), 'Collaborative annotations' (On), 'Live share' (On), 'Shared notes' (On), and 'Organizer can restrict participants from copying or forwarding meeting chat messages' (On, marked as Premium). At the bottom of this section, there is another Premium feature: 'Participants can share content in external meetings hosted by' (set to 'Any org'). A 'Content protection' section is partially visible at the very bottom. At the bottom of the main content area, there are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons. The top right of the browser window shows the user is logged in as 'Guest'.

<https://admin.teams.microsoft.com/policies/meetings/edit/R2xvYmFs>



# Courses and certifications

- Microsoft 365 security - basics
  - SC-900 [https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-365-zaklady-zabezpeceni-spravy-identit-a-souladu\\_moc-sc-900](https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-365-zaklady-zabezpeceni-spravy-identit-a-souladu_moc-sc-900)
- Microsoft 365 identity and access security - advanced
  - SC-300 [https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-365-sprava-uctu-overovani-uzivatelu-a-rizeni-pristupu\\_moc-sc-300](https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-365-sprava-uctu-overovani-uzivatelu-a-rizeni-pristupu_moc-sc-300)
- Gopas custom courses
  - Microsoft hybrid security:
    - GOC215 [https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-365-bezpecnost-hybridniho-prostredi\\_goc215](https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-365-bezpecnost-hybridniho-prostredi_goc215)
  - Microsoft 365 / Microsoft Azure hacking
    - GOC238 [https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-azure-hacking-a-penetracni-testovani\\_goc238](https://www.gopas.cz/microsoft-azure-hacking-a-penetracni-testovani_goc238)



# Microsoft Partner Security Day

Praha, 11. 2. 2025

